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**UNITED STATES  
SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION  
WASHINGTON, D.C. 20549**

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**Form 10-Q**

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**QUARTERLY REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934.**

For the quarterly period ended June 30, 2019

or

**TRANSITION REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934.**

For the Transition period from \_\_\_\_\_ to \_\_\_\_\_.

Commission File Number 001-36803

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**TOWN SPORTS INTERNATIONAL HOLDINGS, INC.**

(Exact name of registrant as specified in its charter)

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**Delaware**  
(State or other jurisdiction of  
incorporation or organization)

**20-0640002**  
(I.R.S. Employer  
Identification Number)

**1001 US North Highway 1, Suite 201, Jupiter, Florida 33477**

**Telephone: (212) 246-6700**

(Address, zip code, and telephone number, including area code, of registrant's principal executive office)

**399 Executive Boulevard, Elmsford, New York 10523**

(Mailing address)

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Indicate by check mark whether the registrant (1) has filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter periods that the registrant was required to file such reports), and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days. Yes  No

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant has submitted electronically every Interactive Data File required to be submitted pursuant to Rule 405 of Regulation S-T (§322.405 of this chapter) during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to submit such files). Yes  No

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a large accelerated filer, an accelerated filer, a non-accelerated filer, a smaller reporting company, or an emerging growth company. See the definitions of "large accelerated filer," "accelerated filer," "smaller reporting company" and "emerging growth company" in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act.

Large accelerated filer	<input type="checkbox"/>	Accelerated filer	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
Non-accelerated filer	<input type="checkbox"/>	Smaller reporting company	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
		Emerging growth company	<input type="checkbox"/>

If an emerging growth company, indicate by check mark if the Registrant has elected not to use the extended transition period for complying with any new or revised financial accounting standards provided pursuant to Section 13(a) of the Exchange Act.

Indicate by check mark whether the Registrant is a shell company (as defined in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act). Yes  No

Securities registered pursuant to Section 12(b) of the act:

Title of each class	Trading Symbol(s)	Name of each exchange on which registered
Common stock, \$0.001 par value per share	CLUB	Nasdaq Global Market

As of July 22, 2019, there were 27,968,998 shares of Common Stock of the registrant outstanding.

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## TOWN SPORTS INTERNATIONAL HOLDINGS, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES

## CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS

June 30, 2019 and December 31, 2018

(All figures in thousands except share and per share data)

(Unaudited)

	June 30, 2019	December 31, 2018
<b>ASSETS</b>		
Current assets:		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 29,823	\$ 48,088
Accounts receivable (less allowance for doubtful accounts of \$5,075 and \$4,578 as of June 30, 2019 and December 31, 2018, respectively)	3,194	3,050
Prepaid corporate income taxes	808	746
Prepaid expenses and other current assets	10,013	10,047
Total current assets	43,838	61,931
Fixed assets, net	160,565	157,677
Operating lease right-of-use assets, net	591,674	—
Goodwill	32,811	21,877
Intangible assets, net	9,935	9,439
Deferred membership costs	1,166	1,803
Other assets	7,606	8,727
Total assets	\$ 847,595	\$ 261,454
<b>LIABILITIES AND STOCKHOLDERS' DEFICIT</b>		
Current liabilities:		
Current portion of long-term debt	\$ 13,669	\$ 21,080
Current portion of mortgage and term loan	193	314
Current portion of operating lease liabilities	72,709	—
Accounts payable	4,987	3,672
Accrued expenses	31,862	32,547
Accrued interest	992	34
Deferred revenue	40,195	37,459
Total current liabilities	164,607	95,106
Long-term debt	180,255	178,002
Long-term mortgage and term loan	5,139	5,113
Long-term operating lease liabilities	562,063	—
Deferred lease liabilities	—	44,374
Deferred revenue	58	258
Other liabilities	9,880	11,298
Total liabilities	922,002	334,151
Commitments and Contingencies (Note 14)		
Stockholders' deficit:		
Preferred stock, \$0.001 par value; no shares issued and outstanding at both June 30, 2019 and December 31, 2018		
Common stock, \$0.001 par value; issued and outstanding 27,970,331 and 27,192,154 shares at June 30, 2019 and December 31, 2018, respectively	26	25
Additional paid-in capital	308	(1,644)
Accumulated other comprehensive income	1,933	1,841
Accumulated deficit	(76,708)	(73,212)
Total Town Sports International Holdings, Inc. and Subsidiaries stockholders' deficit	(74,441)	(72,990)
Non-controlling interests	34	293
Total stockholders' deficit	(74,407)	(72,697)
Total liabilities and stockholders' deficit	\$ 847,595	\$ 261,454

See notes to condensed consolidated financial statements.

**TOWN SPORTS INTERNATIONAL HOLDINGS, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES**  
**CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF OPERATIONS**  
**For the Three and Six Months Ended June 30, 2019 and 2018**  
**(All figures in thousands except share and per share data)**  
**(Unaudited)**

	Three Months Ended June 30,		Six Months Ended June 30,	
	2019	2018	2019	2018
<b>Revenues:</b>				
Club operations	\$ 117,027	\$ 111,047	\$ 232,167	\$ 216,722
Fees and other	1,677	1,282	3,135	2,718
	<u>118,704</u>	<u>112,329</u>	<u>235,302</u>	<u>219,440</u>
<b>Operating Expenses:</b>				
Payroll and related	45,547	42,396	90,870	81,870
Club operating	55,017	50,131	108,593	98,495
General and administrative	6,493	6,381	13,363	12,292
Depreciation and amortization	10,075	9,640	19,660	18,768
	<u>117,132</u>	<u>108,548</u>	<u>232,486</u>	<u>211,425</u>
Operating income	1,572	3,781	2,816	8,015
Interest expense	3,240	3,338	6,692	6,506
Interest income	(16)	(45)	(44)	(81)
Equity in the earnings of investees	(93)	(78)	(148)	(183)
(Loss) income before benefit for corporate income taxes	(1,559)	566	(3,684)	1,773
Benefit for corporate income taxes	(2)	(35)	72	43
Net (loss) income including non-controlling interests	(1,557)	601	(3,756)	1,730
Less: net loss attributable to non-controlling interests	(110)	—	(260)	—
Net (loss) income attributable to Town Sports International Holdings, Inc. and Subsidiaries	<u>\$ (1,447)</u>	<u>\$ 601</u>	<u>\$ (3,496)</u>	<u>\$ 1,730</u>
<b>(Loss) earnings per share:</b>				
Basic	\$ (0.05)	\$ 0.02	\$ (0.13)	\$ 0.07
Diluted	\$ (0.05)	\$ 0.02	\$ (0.13)	\$ 0.07
<b>Weighted average number of shares used in calculating (loss) earnings per share:</b>				
Basic	26,580,772	25,844,061	26,512,737	25,776,919
Diluted	26,580,772	26,584,112	26,512,737	26,515,964

See notes to condensed consolidated financial statements.

**TOWN SPORTS INTERNATIONAL HOLDINGS, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES**  
**CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME (LOSS)**  
**For the Three and Six Months Ended June 30, 2019 and 2018**  
**(All figures in thousands)**  
**(Unaudited)**

	<b>Three Months Ended June 30,</b>		<b>Six Months Ended June 30,</b>	
	<b>2019</b>	<b>2018</b>	<b>2019</b>	<b>2018</b>
<b>Statements of Comprehensive (Loss) Income:</b>				
Net (loss) income including non-controlling interests	\$ (1,557)	\$ 601	\$ (3,756)	\$ 1,730
Other comprehensive (loss) income, net of tax:				
Foreign currency translation adjustments, net of tax of \$0, for each of the three and six months ended June 30, 2019 and 2018	(103)	(128)	(92)	491
Interest rate swap, net of tax of \$0, for each of the three and six months ended June 30, 2019 and 2018	—	(66)	—	110
Total other comprehensive (loss) income, net of tax	(103)	(194)	(92)	601
Total comprehensive (loss) income including non-controlling interests	(1,660)	407	(3,848)	2,331
Less: comprehensive loss attributable to non-controlling interests	(110)	—	(260)	—
Total comprehensive (loss) income attributable to Town Sports International Holdings, Inc. and Subsidiaries	\$ (1,550)	\$ 407	\$ (3,588)	\$ 2,331

See notes to condensed consolidated financial statements.

**TOWN SPORTS INTERNATIONAL HOLDINGS, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES**  
**CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED RECONCILIATION OF STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY**  
**For the Three and Six Months Ended June 30, 2019 and 2018**  
**(All figures in thousands except share and per share data)**  
**(Unaudited)**

	Common Stock (\$ .001 par)		Additional Paid-in Capital	Accumulated Other Comprehensive Income	Retained Earnings (Deficit)	Total Town Sports International and Subsidiaries' Stockholders' (Deficit) Equity	Non- controlling interests	Total Stockholders' (Deficit) Equity
	Shares	Amount						
Balance at December 31, 2017	27,149,135	\$ 25	\$ (4,290)	\$ 1,201	\$ (74,893)	\$ (77,957)	\$ —	\$ (77,957)
Common stock grants	52,460	—	320	—	—	320	—	320
Restricted stock grants	13,115	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Stock-based compensation	—	—	606	—	—	606	—	606
Forfeiture of restricted stock	(9,433)	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Net income	—	—	—	—	1,129	1,129	—	1,129
Cumulative effect of change in accounting principle	—	—	—	—	1,604	1,604	—	1,604
Derivative financial instruments	—	—	—	176	—	176	—	176
Foreign currency translation adjustment	—	—	—	619	—	619	—	619
Balance at March 31, 2018	27,205,277	\$ 25	\$ (3,364)	\$ 1,996	\$ (72,160)	\$ (73,503)	\$ —	\$ (73,503)
Stock option exercises	1,034	—	2	—	—	2	—	2
Forfeiture of restricted stock	(15,542)	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Stock-based compensation	—	—	557	—	—	557	—	557
Net income	—	—	—	—	601	601	—	601
Derivative financial instruments	—	—	—	(66)	—	(66)	—	(66)
Foreign currency translation adjustment	—	—	—	(128)	—	(128)	—	(128)
Balance at June 30, 2018	27,190,769	\$ 25	\$ (2,805)	\$ 1,802	\$ (71,559)	\$ (72,537)	\$ —	\$ (72,537)
Balance at December 31, 2018	27,192,154	\$ 25	\$ (1,644)	\$ 1,841	\$ (73,212)	\$ (72,990)	\$ 293	\$ (72,697)
Stock option exercises	—	1	—	—	—	1	—	1
Common stock grants	53,692	—	320	—	—	320	—	320
Restricted stock grants	713,710	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Shares issued under Employee Stock Purchase Plan	8,410	—	7	—	—	7	—	7
Forfeiture of restricted stock	(9,834)	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Stock-based compensation	—	—	805	—	—	805	—	805
Net loss	—	—	—	—	(2,049)	(2,049)	(150)	(2,199)
Foreign currency translation adjustment	—	—	—	(11)	—	(11)	—	(11)
Balance at March 31, 2019	27,958,132	\$ 26	\$ (512)	\$ 1,830	\$ (75,261)	\$ (73,917)	\$ 143	\$ (73,774)
Stock option exercises	—	—	—	—	—	—	1	1
Restricted stock grants	10,941	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Shares issued under Employee Stock Purchase Plan	11,259	—	6	—	—	6	—	6
Forfeiture of restricted stock	(10,001)	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Stock-based compensation	—	—	814	—	—	814	—	814
Net loss	—	—	—	—	(1,447)	(1,447)	(110)	(1,557)
Foreign currency translation adjustment	—	—	—	103	—	103	—	103
Balance at June 30, 2019	27,970,331	\$ 26	\$ 308	\$ 1,933	\$ (76,708)	\$ (74,441)	\$ 34	\$ (74,407)

**TOWN SPORTS INTERNATIONAL HOLDINGS, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES**  
**CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS**  
**For the Six Months Ended June 30, 2019 and 2018**  
**(All figures in thousands)**  
**(Unaudited)**

	Six Months Ended June 30,	
	2019	2018
<b>Cash flows from operating activities:</b>		
Net (loss) income including non-controlling interests	\$ (3,756)	\$ 1,730
Adjustments to reconcile net (loss) income including non-controlling interest to net cash provided by operating activities:		
Depreciation and amortization	19,660	18,768
Amortization of debt discount	502	483
Amortization of debt issuance costs	223	300
Non-cash rental income, net of non-cash rental expense	(1,046)	(1,713)
Share-based compensation expense	1,950	1,483
Net change in deferred taxes	—	(26)
Net change in certain operating assets and liabilities	3,219	23,049
Decrease (increase) in deferred membership costs	637	(1,563)
Landlord contributions to tenant improvements	15	800
Decrease in insurance reserves	(114)	(168)
Other	(428)	(121)
Total adjustments	24,618	41,292
Net cash provided by operating activities	20,862	43,022
<b>Cash flows from investing activities:</b>		
Capital expenditures	(7,601)	(4,570)
Acquisition of business	(21,667)	(7,265)
Acquisition of asset	—	(3,989)
Other	—	(21)
Net cash used in investing activities	(29,268)	(15,845)
<b>Cash flows from financing activities:</b>		
Principal payments on 2013 Term Loan Facility	(18,658)	(1,041)
Proceeds from borrowings on Revolving Loan Facility	9,500	—
Principal payments on finance lease obligations	(610)	(241)
Proceeds from mortgage and term loan	—	2,380
Principal payments on mortgage and term loan	(95)	(21)
Cash dividends paid	—	(1)
Proceeds from stock option exercises	1	2
Net cash (used in) provided by financing activities	(9,862)	1,078
Effect of exchange rate changes on cash, cash equivalents and restricted cash	4	35
Net (decrease) increase in cash and cash equivalents	(18,264)	28,290
Cash, cash equivalents and restricted cash beginning of period	50,061	30,321
Cash, cash equivalents and restricted cash end of period	\$ 31,797	\$ 58,611
<b>Summary of the change in certain operating assets and liabilities:</b>		
Increase in accounts receivable	\$ (142)	\$ (526)
Decrease in prepaid expenses and other current assets	1,442	12,308
Increase in accounts payable, accrued expenses and accrued interest	1,325	4,511
Change in prepaid corporate income taxes and corporate income taxes payable	(22)	3,474
Increase in deferred revenue	616	3,282
Net change in certain working capital components	\$ 3,219	\$ 23,049
<b>Supplemental disclosures of cash flow information:</b>		
Cash payments for interest, net of capitalized interest	\$ 5,175	\$ 5,853
Cash payments for income taxes	\$ 105	\$ 511

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The following is a reconciliation of cash, cash equivalents and restricted cash reported within the Condensed Consolidated Balance Sheets that sum to the total of the same such amounts shown in the Condensed Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows:

	<u>June 30, 2019</u>	<u>December 31, 2018</u>
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 29,823	\$ 48,088
Restricted cash included in other assets <sup>(a)</sup>	1,974	1,973
Total cash, cash equivalents and restricted cash	<u>\$ 31,797</u>	<u>\$ 50,061</u>

(a) Restricted cash associated with certain letters of credit to secure lease related obligations.

See notes to condensed consolidated financial statements.

**TOWN SPORTS INTERNATIONAL HOLDINGS, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES**  
**NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**  
**(In thousands except share and per share data)**  
**(Unaudited)**

**1. Basis of Presentation**

Town Sports International Holdings, Inc. (the “Company” or “TSI Holdings”) is a diversified holding company that owns subsidiaries engaged in a number of business and investment activities. References to “TSI LLC” refer to Town Sports International, LLC, and references to “TSI Group” refer to Town Sports Group, LLC, both of which are wholly-owned operating subsidiaries of the Company.

As of June 30, 2019, the Company owned and operated 190 fitness clubs (“clubs”) under various brand names, primarily located in the United States of America.

The Company’s operations are conducted mainly through its clubs and aggregated into one reportable segment. Each of the clubs has similar economic characteristics, services, product offerings and revenues are derived primarily from services to the Company’s members. The Company’s chief operating decision maker is the Chief Executive Officer. The operating segment is the level at which the chief operating decision maker manages the business and reviews operating performance in order to make business decisions and allocate resources. The Company determined that the business is managed and operating performance is reviewed on a consolidated company level and therefore that it has one operating segment.

The condensed consolidated financial statements included herein have been prepared by the Company pursuant to the rules and regulations of the Securities and Exchange Commission (the “SEC”) and should be read in conjunction with the Company’s December 31, 2018 consolidated financial statements and notes thereto, included in the Company’s Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2018. The year-end condensed consolidated balance sheet data included within this Form 10-Q was derived from audited financial statements, but does not include all disclosures required by accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (“US GAAP”). Certain information and footnote disclosures that are normally included in financial statements prepared in accordance with US GAAP have been condensed or omitted pursuant to SEC rules and regulations. The information reflects all normal and recurring adjustments which, in the opinion of management, are necessary for a fair statement of the financial position and results of operations for the interim periods set forth herein. The results for the three and six months ended June 30, 2019 are not necessarily indicative of the results for the entire year ending December 31, 2019.

The Company continues to experience revenue pressure as the fitness industry continues to be highly competitive in the areas in which the Company operates. The Company continues to strategize on improving its financial results and focuses on increasing membership to increase revenue. The Company may consider additional actions within its control, including certain acquisitions, licensing arrangements, the closure of unprofitable clubs upon lease expiration and the sale of certain assets. The Company’s ability to continue to meet its obligations is dependent on its ability to generate positive cash flow from a combination of initiatives, including those mentioned above. Failure to continue to successfully implement these initiatives could have a material adverse effect on the Company’s liquidity and its operations, and the Company would need to implement alternative plans that could include additional asset sales, additional reductions in operating costs, additional reductions in working capital, debt restructuring and the deferral of capital expenditures. There can be no assurance that such alternatives would be available to the Company or that the Company would be successful in their implementation.

The Company’s 2013 Senior Credit Facility is due on November 15, 2020. The Company is currently evaluating its refinancing options. The Company, from time to time, communicates with its existing lenders and/or new potential lenders or investors regarding the availability of debt and/or equity financing to fund working capital and for general corporate purposes, including, without limitation, refinancing the Company’s existing debt and/or to fund acquisitions. Any potential financing will be subject to, among other factors, receipt of satisfactory terms which will depend on market and industry conditions as well as the Company’s operating performance at such time. There can be no assurance that the Company will be able to refinance its debt at market rates and as such may have to seek alternative financing.

Certain reclassifications were made to the reported amounts in the consolidated balance sheet as of December 31, 2018 to conform to the presentation as of June 30, 2019.

***Change in Estimated Average Membership Life***

The average membership life was 20 months for the six months ended June 30, 2019 and 26 months for the full-year 2018. The Company monitors factors that might affect the estimated average membership life including retention trends, attrition trends, membership sales volumes, membership composition, competition, and general economic conditions, and

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adjusts the estimate as necessary on an annual basis. Joining fees, as well as related direct and incremental expenses of membership acquisition, which may include sales commissions, bonuses and related taxes and benefits, are deferred and recognized, on a straight-line basis, in operations over the estimated average membership life or 12 months to the extent these costs are related to the first annual fee paid within 45 days of enrollment. Annual fees are amortized over 12 months.

## 2. Recent Accounting Pronouncements

In August 2018, the Financial Accounting Standards Board (the "FASB") issued Accounting Standards Update ("ASU") No. 2018-15, "Intangibles - Goodwill and Other - Internal-Use Software (Subtopic 350-40), Customer's Accounting for Implementation Costs Incurred in a Cloud Computing Arrangement That Is a Service Contract". This new guidance requires a customer in a cloud computing arrangement (i.e., hosting arrangement) that is a service contract to follow the internal-use software guidance in ASC 350-40 to determine which implementation costs to capitalize as assets or expense as incurred. Also, capitalized implementation costs related to a hosting arrangement that is a service contract will be amortized over the term of the hosting arrangement, beginning when the module or component of the hosting arrangement is ready for its intended use. This standard is effective for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2019, and interim periods within those fiscal years. Early adoption of this standard is permitted. The Company is evaluating the impact of this standard on its financial statements.

In February 2016, the FASB issued ASU 2016-02, "Leases" (Topic 842) and subsequent amendments to the initial guidance: ASU 2018-10, ASU 2018-11, ASU 2018-20 and ASU 2019-01 (collectively, Topic 842). ASU 2016-02 requires an entity to recognize a right-of-use asset ("ROU") and lease liability for all leases and provide enhanced disclosures. Recognition, measurement, and presentation of expenses will depend on classification as a finance lease or an operating lease. On January 1, 2019, the Company adopted Topic 842 using the modified retrospective approach. Results for reporting periods after January 1, 2019 are presented under Topic 842, while prior periods have not been adjusted. The Company elected the package of practical expedients permitted under the transition guidance within the new standard, which among other things, allowed the Company to carry forward the historical lease classification. Refer to Note 6 - Leases for further detail.

## 3. Revenue

### *Disaggregation of Revenue*

The following table presents our revenue by type:

	Three Months Ended June 30,		Six Months Ended June 30,	
	2019	2018	2019	2018
Membership dues	\$ 89,868	\$ 85,549	\$ 178,691	\$ 167,830
Initiation and processing fees	403	332	832	669
Membership revenue	90,271	85,881	179,523	168,499
Personal training revenue	20,368	19,179	39,857	37,432
Other ancillary club revenue	6,388	5,987	12,787	10,791
Ancillary club revenue	26,756	25,166	52,644	48,223
Fees and other revenue	1,677	1,282	3,135	2,718
Total revenue	\$ 118,704	\$ 112,329	\$ 235,302	\$ 219,440

### *Revenue Recognition*

#### **Membership dues:**

The Company generally receives one-time non-refundable joining fees and monthly dues from its members. The Company also offers paid-in-full memberships giving members the option to pay their membership dues in advance. The Company offers both month-to-month and commit memberships. Members can cancel their membership with a fee charged to those members still under contract. Membership dues are recognized in the period in which access to the club is provided.

The Company's membership plans allow for club members to elect to pay a per visit fee to use non-home clubs. These usage fees are recorded to membership revenue in the month the usage occurs.

#### **Initiation and processing fees:**

Initiation and processing fees, as well as related direct and incremental expenses of membership acquisition, which may include sales commissions, bonuses and related taxes and benefits, are deferred and recognized, on a straight-line basis, in

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operations over the estimated average membership life or 12 months to the extent these costs are related to the first annual fee paid within 45 days of enrollment. Annual fees are amortized over 12 months.

The estimated average membership life was 20 months for the six months ended June 30, 2019 and 26 months for the full-year of 2018. The Company monitors factors that might affect the estimated average membership life including retention trends, attrition trends, membership sales volumes, membership composition, competition, and general economic conditions, and adjusts the estimate as necessary on an annual basis.

**Personal training revenue:**

The Company recognizes revenue from personal training sessions as the services are performed (i.e., when the session occurs). Unused personal training sessions expire after a set, disclosed period of time after purchase (except in California and Florida) and are not refundable or redeemable by the member for cash. The Company had collected approximately \$12,500 for unused and expired personal training sessions that had not been recognized as revenue and which was recorded as deferred revenue as of both June 30, 2019 and December 31, 2018. For six of the jurisdictions in which the Company operates, the Company has concluded, based on opinions from outside counsel, that monies paid to the company for unused and expired personal training sessions were not escheatable. For the remaining jurisdictions in which the Company operates, the Company has likewise concluded that the monies paid to the company for unused personal training sessions were not escheatable, regardless of whether they expire. However, the Company has not yet obtained opinions from outside counsel for these jurisdictions. It is possible however, that one or more of these jurisdictions may not agree with the Company's position and may claim that the Company must remit all or a portion of these amounts to such jurisdiction. This could have a material adverse effect on the Company's cash flows. The State of New York has informed the Company that it is considering whether the Company is required to remit the amount received by the Company for unused, expired personal training sessions to the State of New York as unclaimed property.

In addition to the prepaid personal training sessions the Company also offers a personal training membership product which generally consists of single or multi-session packages ranging from four to 12 sessions per month. These sessions provided by the membership product are at a discount to our stand-alone session pricing and are generally required to be used in each respective month. Revenue related to this product is recognized in each respective month.

**Other ancillary club revenue:**

Other ancillary club revenue primarily consists of Sports Clubs for Kids, Small Group Training and racquet sports. Revenues are recognized as the services are performed.

**Fees and other revenue:**

Fees and other revenue primarily consist of rental income from third party tenants, marketing revenue related to third party marketing in the Company's club locations, management fees related to clubs the Company manages but does not wholly-own and revenue related to laundry services. Revenue generated from fees and other revenue is generally recognized at the time the related contracted services are performed.

When a revenue agreement involves multiple elements, such as sales of both memberships and services in one arrangement or potentially multiple arrangements, the entire fee from the arrangement is allocated to each respective element based on its relative fair value and recognized when the revenue recognition criteria for each element is met.

***Contract Liability***

The Company records deferred revenue when cash payments are received or due in advance of our performance. In the three and six months ended June 30, 2019, the Company recognized revenue of \$5,897 and \$18,521, respectively, that was included in the deferred revenue balance as of December 31, 2018.

**Practical Expedients and Exemptions**

The Company has elected to not capitalize contracts that are shorter than one year. The majority of the Company's contracts have an expected length of one year or less. The Company does not disclose the value of unsatisfied performance obligations for (i) contracts with an original expected length of one year or less and (ii) contracts for which we recognize revenue at the amount to which we have the right to invoice for services performed.

#### 4. Long-Term Debt

	June 30, 2019	December 31, 2018
2013 Term Loan Facility outstanding principal balance	\$ 179,177	\$ 197,835
2013 Revolving Credit Facility borrowings	9,500	—
Finance lease liabilities	7,144	3,817
Less: Unamortized discount	(1,434)	(1,936)
Less: Deferred financing costs	(463)	(634)
Less: Current portion due within one year	(13,669)	(21,080)
Long-term portion	<u>\$ 180,255</u>	<u>\$ 178,002</u>

##### 2013 Senior Credit Facility

On November 15, 2013, TSI LLC, an indirect, wholly-owned subsidiary, entered into a \$370,000 senior secured credit facility (“2013 Senior Credit Facility”), pursuant to a credit agreement among TSI LLC, TSI Holdings II, LLC, a newly-formed, wholly-owned subsidiary of the Company (“Holdings II”), as a Guarantor, the lenders party thereto, Deutsche Bank AG, as administrative agent, and Keybank National Association, as syndication agent. The 2013 Senior Credit Facility consists of a \$325,000 term loan facility maturing on November 15, 2020 (“2013 Term Loan Facility”) and a \$15,000 revolving loan facility maturing on August 14, 2020 (“2013 Revolving Loan Facility”). Proceeds from the 2013 Term Loan Facility of \$323,375 were issued, net of an original issue discount of 0.5%, or \$1,625. The borrowings under the 2013 Senior Credit Facility are guaranteed and secured by assets and pledges of capital stock by Holdings II, TSI LLC, and, subject to certain customary exceptions, the wholly-owned domestic subsidiaries of TSI LLC.

On January 30, 2015, the 2013 Senior Credit Facility was amended (the “First Amendment”) to permit TSI Holdings to purchase term loans under the credit agreement. Any term loans purchased by TSI Holdings will be canceled in accordance with the terms of the credit agreement, as amended by the First Amendment. The Company may from time to time purchase term loans in market transactions, privately negotiated transactions or otherwise; however the Company is under no obligation to make any such purchases. Any such transactions, and the amounts involved, will depend on prevailing market conditions, liquidity requirements, contractual restrictions and other factors. The amounts involved may be material.

On November 8, 2018, the 2013 Senior Credit Facility was amended (the “Second Amendment”), which modified the revolving loan facility amount to \$15,000 from \$45,000, and extended the maturity date from November 15, 2018 to August 14, 2020. In addition, the Second Amendment restated that the Company is not able to utilize more than 20% or \$3,000 in accordance with terms of the 2013 Revolving Loan Facility if the total leverage ratio exceeds 4.00:1.00 (calculated on a proforma basis to give effect to any borrowing). Previously, the Company was not able to utilize more than 25% or \$11,250 in accordance with terms of the 2013 Revolving Loan Facility if the total leverage ratio exceeded 4.50:1.00 (calculated on a proforma basis to give effect to any borrowing).

Borrowings under the 2013 Term Loan Facility and the 2013 Revolving Loan Facility, at TSI LLC’s option, bear interest at either the administrative agent’s base rate plus 2.5% or a LIBOR rate adjusted for certain additional costs (the “Eurodollar Rate”) plus 3.5%, each as defined in the 2013 Senior Credit Facility. With respect to the outstanding term loans, the Eurodollar Rate has a floor of 1.00% and the base rate has a floor of 2.00%. Commencing with the last business day of the quarter ended March 31, 2014, TSI LLC is required to pay 0.25% of the principal amount of the term loans each quarter, which may be reduced by voluntary prepayments. During the six months ended June 30, 2019, TSI LLC had made a total of \$18,658 in principal payments on the 2013 Term Loan Facility which included the required excess cash flow payment.

In May 2017 and February 2019, TSI LLC loaned \$5,000 and \$2,000, respectively, to TSI Group, a wholly-owned subsidiary of TSI Holdings, at a rate of LIBOR plus 9.55% per annum. In April 2019, TSI Group repaid the outstanding loan balance of \$6,900. In addition to the interest payments, TSI Group was required to repay 1.0% of the principal amount of the loan, \$70 per annum, on a quarterly basis commencing September 30, 2017. The loan was secured by certain collateral. This transaction has no impact on the Company's consolidated financial statements as it is eliminated in consolidation. In October 2017, TSI LLC made a dividend distribution of \$35,000 to TSI Holdings. In June 2019, TSI LLC paid a dividend of \$16,000 to TSI Holdings as permitted under the 2013 Credit Facility. As of June 30, 2019, TSI Group had a cash balance of approximately \$10,788.

As of June 30, 2019, TSI LLC had outstanding letters of credit of \$2,459 under the 2013 Revolving Credit Facility and a total leverage ratio that was below 4.00:1.00. On June 27, 2019, TSI LLC borrowed \$9,500 under the 2013 Revolving Loan

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Facility to fund TSI LLC working capital and repaid the full amount on July 3, 2019. The Company also had \$1,974 in outstanding letters of credit issued that were not associated with the 2013 Revolving Credit Facility to secure certain lease obligations. The unutilized portion of the 2013 Revolving Loan Facility as of June 30, 2019 was \$3,041, with borrowings under such facility subject to the conditions applicable to borrowings under the Company's 2013 Senior Credit Facility, which conditions the Company may or may not be able to satisfy at the time of borrowing. In addition, the financial covenant described above, the 2013 Senior Credit Facility contains certain affirmative and negative covenants, including those that may limit or restrict TSI LLC and Holdings II's ability to, among other things, incur indebtedness and other liabilities; create liens; merge or consolidate; dispose of assets; make investments; pay dividends and make payments to stockholders; make payments on certain indebtedness; and enter into sale leaseback transactions, in each case, subject to certain qualifications and exceptions. The 2013 Senior Credit Facility also includes customary events of default (including non-compliance with the covenants or other terms of the 2013 Senior Credit Facility) which may allow the lenders to terminate the commitments under the 2013 Revolving Loan Facility and declare all outstanding term loans and revolving loans immediately due and payable and enforce its rights as a secured creditor.

TSI LLC may prepay the 2013 Term Loan Facility and 2013 Revolving Loan Facility without premium or penalty in accordance with the 2013 Senior Credit Facility. Mandatory prepayments are required relating to certain asset sales, insurance recovery and incurrence of certain other debt and commencing in 2015 in certain circumstances relating to excess cash flow (as defined) for the prior fiscal year, as described below, in excess of certain expenditures. Pursuant to the terms of the 2013 Senior Credit Facility, the Company is required to apply net proceeds in excess of \$30,000 from sales of assets in any fiscal year towards mandatory prepayments of outstanding borrowings.

In addition, the 2013 Senior Credit Facility contains provisions that require excess cash flow payments, as defined therein, to be applied against outstanding 2013 Term Loan Facility balances. The excess cash flow is calculated annually for each fiscal year ending December 31 and paid 95 days after the fiscal year end. The applicable excess cash flow repayment percentage is applied to the excess cash flow when determining the excess cash flow payment. Earnings, changes in working capital and capital expenditure levels all impact the determination of any excess cash flow. The applicable excess cash flow repayment percentage is 50% when the total leverage ratio, as defined in the 2013 Senior Credit Facility, exceeds or is equal to 2.50:1.00; 25% when the total leverage ratio is greater than or equal to 2.00:1.00 but less than 2.50:1.00 and 0% when the total leverage ratio is less than 2.00:1.00. TSI LLC may pay dividends in the amount of cumulative retained excess cash flow to TSI Holdings as long as at the time the dividend is made, and immediately after, TSI LLC is in compliance on a pro forma basis with a total leverage ratio of less than 4.00:1.00. For the year ended December 31, 2018, the Company had \$36,276 of excess cash flow, as defined in the 2013 Senior Credit Facility, resulting in a principal payment of \$18,138 paid in April 2019. In June 2019, TSI LLC paid a dividend of \$16,000 to TSI Holdings using the cumulative retained excess cash flow. The next excess cash flow payment is due in April 2020, if applicable. The Company does not expect such payment will be required.

As of June 30, 2019, the 2013 Term Loan Facility has a gross principal balance of \$179,177 and a balance of \$177,280 net of unamortized debt discount of \$1,434 and unamortized debt issuance costs of \$463. As of June 30, 2019, both the unamortized balance of debt issuance costs and unamortized debt discount are recorded as a contra-liability and netted with long-term debt on the accompanying condensed consolidated balance sheet and are being amortized as interest expense using the effective interest method.

### ***Fair Market Value***

Based on quoted market prices, the 2013 Term Loan Facility had a fair value of approximately \$173,343, or 97%, and \$183,987, or 93%, at June 30, 2019 and December 31, 2018, respectively, and is classified within level 2 of the fair value hierarchy. Level 2 is based on quoted prices for similar instruments in active markets; quoted prices for identical or similar instruments in markets that are not active; and model-derived valuations in which all significant inputs and significant value drivers are observable in active markets. The fair value for the Company's 2013 Term Loan Facility is determined using observable current market information such as the prevailing Eurodollar interest rate and Eurodollar yield curve rates and includes consideration of counterparty credit risk.

### **5. Mortgage and Term Loan**

On August 3, 2018, TSI - Donald Ross Realty LLC, a subsidiary of TSI Group, entered into a mortgage note for \$3,150 with BankUnited, N.A. (the "Lender"). This mortgage note bears interest at a fixed rate of 5.36% and is payable in 120 monthly payments of principal and interest based on a 25 year amortization period. The first payment was due and paid on September 3,

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2018. The entire principal balance of this mortgage note is due and payable in full on its maturity date of August 3, 2028. As of June 30, 2019, this mortgage note had an outstanding principal balance of \$3,099, net of principal payments of \$51.

On April 24, 2018, Dixie Highway Realty, LLC, a subsidiary of TSI Group, entered into promissory notes for \$1,880 (the "Mortgage Note") and \$500 (the "Term Note") with the Lender. The Mortgage Note bears interest at a fixed rate of 5.46% and is payable in 120 monthly payments of principal and interest based on a 25 year amortization period. The first payment was due and paid on May 24, 2018. The entire principal balance of the Mortgage Note is due and payable in full on its maturity date of April 24, 2028.

The Term Note bears interest at a fixed rate of 5.30% and is payable in 60 payments of principal and interest. The first payment was due and paid on May 24, 2018 and the final payment will be due to the Lender on the maturity date of April 24, 2023 for all principal and accrued interest not yet paid. In connection with the above mortgage and term loan notes, TSI Group or TSI Holdings must maintain a minimum relationship liquidity balance with the Lender of \$500 in the form of an operating account. As of June 30, 2019, the Mortgage Note and Term Note had an outstanding principal balance of \$1,838 and \$395, respectively, reflecting net of principal payments of \$42 for the Mortgage Note and \$105 for the Term Note.

The carrying amount of the mortgage notes and Term Note approximates fair value based on Level 2 inputs. Level 2 is based on quoted prices for similar instruments in active markets; quoted prices for identical or similar instruments in markets that are not active; and model-derived valuations in which all significant inputs and significant value drivers are observable in active markets.

## **6. Leases**

The Company leases office, warehouse and multi-recreational facilities under non-cancelable operating leases. Also, the Company has operating and finance leases for certain equipment. In addition to base rent, the facility leases generally provide for additional payments to cover common area maintenance charges incurred and to pass along increases in real estate taxes. Also, certain leases provide for additional rent based on revenue or operating results of the respective facilities. The Company accrues for any unpaid common area maintenance charges and real estate taxes on a club-by-club basis. Under the provisions of certain of these leases, the Company is required to maintain irrevocable letters of credit, which amounted to \$4,018 as of June 30, 2019. The Company's lease agreements do not contain any material residual value guarantees or material restrictive covenants.

The Company determines if an arrangement is a lease at inception. Operating leases are recorded in operating lease right of use assets, current portion of operating lease liabilities, and long-term operating lease liabilities on its condensed consolidated balance sheet. Finance leases are recorded in fixed assets, net, current portion of long-term debt, and long-term debt on its condensed consolidated balance sheet.

Operating lease assets represent the Company's right to use an underlying asset for the lease term and lease liabilities represent its obligation to make lease payments arising from the lease. Operating lease assets and liabilities are recognized at commencement date based on the present value of lease payments over the lease term. As most of the Company's leases do not provide an implicit rate, the Company uses its incremental borrowing rate based on the information available at commencement date in determining the present value of lease payments. The Company uses the implicit rate when readily determinable. The Company's lease terms may include options to extend or terminate the lease when it is reasonably certain that it will exercise that option. Lease expense for lease payments are recognized on a straight-line basis over the lease term.

Most leases include one or more options to renew, with renewal terms that can extend the lease term from one to 10 years or more. The leases expire at various times through fiscal year 2038 and certain leases may be extended at the Company's option. Escalation terms on these leases generally include fixed rent escalations, escalations based on an inflation index such as the consumer price index, and fair market value adjustments.

The Company, as landlord, subleases space to third party tenants under non-cancelable operating leases and licenses. In addition to base rent, certain leases provide for additional rent based on increases in real estate taxes, indexation, utilizes and defined amounts based on the operating results of the lessee. The sub-leases expire at various times through January 2023.

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The balance sheet classification of lease assets and liabilities was as follows:

	Balance Sheet Classification	June 30, 2019
<b>Assets</b>		
Operating lease assets, gross	Operating lease right-of-use assets, net	\$ 626,855
Accumulated amortization	Operating lease right-of-use assets, net	(35,181)
Total operating lease assets	Operating lease right-of-use assets, net	591,674
Fixed assets, gross	Fixed assets, net	8,337
Accumulated depreciation	Fixed assets, net	(1,077)
Total finance lease assets	Fixed assets, net	7,260
Total lease assets		<u>\$ 598,934</u>
<b>Liabilities</b>		
Current		
Operating leases	Current portion of operating lease liabilities	\$ 72,709
Finance leases	Current portion of long-term debt	1,805
Non-current		
Operating leases	Long-term operating lease liabilities	562,063
Finance leases	Long-term debt	5,339
Total lease liabilities		<u>\$ 641,916</u>

The components of lease costs were as follows:

	Statement of Operations Classification	Three Months Ended June 30, 2019	Six Months Ended June 30, 2019
Operating lease costs	Club operating	\$ 30,167	\$ 60,189
Amortization of lease assets	Depreciation and amortization	366	625
Interest on lease liabilities	Interest expense	104	158
Finance lease costs		470	783
Variable lease costs	Club operating	141	351
Sublease income	Fees and other revenue	(909)	(1,775)
Total lease costs		<u>\$ 29,869</u>	<u>\$ 59,548</u>

As of June 30, 2019, the maturities of our lease liabilities were as follows:

	Operating Leases	Finance Leases	Total
2019	\$ 59,720	\$ 1,208	\$ 60,928
2020	118,112	2,385	120,497
2021	110,358	2,364	112,722
2022	102,453	1,909	104,362
2023	93,683	545	94,228
2024 and thereafter	427,709	—	427,709
Total lease payments	912,035	8,411	920,446
Less: imputed interest	(277,263)	(1,267)	(278,530)
Lease liabilities	<u>\$ 634,772</u>	<u>\$ 7,144</u>	<u>\$ 641,916</u>

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As of December 31, 2018, future minimum rental payments by fiscal year under non-cancelable leases and future capital lease payments are shown in the chart below.

Year Ending December 31,	<b>Minimum Annual Rental</b>
2019	\$ 110,215
2020	107,143
2021	96,768
2022	83,766
2023	70,892
2024 and thereafter	325,644
<b>Total</b>	<b>\$ 794,428</b>

The Company, as landlord, leases space to third party tenants under non-cancelable operating leases and licenses. In addition to base rent, certain leases provide for additional rent based on increases in real estate taxes, indexation, utilities and defined amounts based on the operating results of the lessee. The sub-leases expire at various times through January 2023. As of December 31, 2018, future minimum rentals receivable by fiscal year under non-cancelable leases are shown in the chart below.

Year Ending December 31,	<b>Minimum Annual Rental</b>
2019	\$ 2,477
2020	1,658
2021	1,189
2022	485
2023	5
2024 and thereafter	—
<b>Total</b>	<b>\$ 5,814</b>

The weighted average remaining lease term and weighted average discount rate were as follows:

	<b>June 30, 2019</b>
<b>Weighted average remaining lease term (years)</b>	
Operating leases	9.0 years
Finance leases	3.6 years
<b>Weighted average discount rate</b>	
Operating leases	8.0%
Finance leases	9.1%

Supplemental cash flow information related to leases was as follows:

	<b>June 30, 2019</b>
<b>Cash paid for amounts included in the measurement of lease liabilities</b>	
Operating cash flows from operating leases	\$ 59,531
Operating cash flows from finance leases	\$ 158
Financing cash flows from finance leases	\$ 610
Leased assets obtained in exchange for new operating lease liabilities	\$ 17,812
Leased assets obtained in exchange for new finance lease liabilities	\$ 3,937

**7. Related Party**

On April 25, 2017, the Company approved the appointment of Stuart M. Steinberg as General Counsel of the Company, effective as of May 1, 2017. Furthermore, the Company and Mr. Steinberg's law firm (the "Firm") previously entered into an engagement letter agreement (the "Agreement") dated as of February 4, 2016, and as amended and restated effective as of May

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1, 2017, pursuant to which the Company engaged the Firm to provide general legal services requested by the Company. Mr. Steinberg continues to provide services for the Firm while employed by the Company. The Agreement provides for a monthly retainer fee payable to the Firm in the amount of \$21, excluding litigation services. The Company will also reimburse the Firm for any expenses incurred in connection with the Firm's services to the Company. In connection with this arrangement, the Company incurred legal expenses payable to the Firm in the amount of \$67 and \$133 for the three and six months ended June 30, 2019, respectively, compared to \$67 and \$134 for the three and six months ended June 30, 2018, respectively. These amounts were classified within general and administrative expenses on the condensed consolidated statements of operations for the three and six months ended June 30, 2019 and 2018.

#### 8. Concentration of Credit Risk

Financial instruments that potentially subject the Company to concentrations of credit risk consist of cash and cash equivalents. Although the Company deposits its cash with more than one financial institution, as of June 30, 2019, \$15,832 of the cash balance of \$29,823 was held at one financial institution. The Company has not experienced any losses on cash and cash equivalent accounts to date, and the Company believes that, based on the credit ratings of these financial institutions, it is not exposed to any significant credit risk related to cash at this time.

#### 9. Earnings (Loss) Per Share

Basic earnings (loss) per share ("EPS") is computed by dividing net income (loss) applicable to common stockholders by the weighted average numbers of shares of common stock outstanding during the period. Diluted EPS is calculated using the treasury stock method and is computed similarly to basic EPS, except that the denominator is increased for the assumed exercise of dilutive stock options and unvested restricted stock for the diluted share based awards.

The following table summarizes the weighted average common shares for basic and diluted EPS computations.

	Three Months Ended June 30,		Six Months Ended June 30,	
	2019	2018	2019	2018
Weighted average number of common shares outstanding — basic	26,580,772	25,844,061	26,512,737	25,776,919
Effect of dilutive share based awards	—	740,051	—	739,045
Weighted average number of common shares outstanding — diluted	26,580,772	26,584,112	26,512,737	26,515,964
(Loss) earnings per share:				
Basic	\$ (0.05)	\$ 0.02	\$ (0.13)	\$ 0.07
Diluted	\$ (0.05)	\$ 0.02	\$ (0.13)	\$ 0.07

For the three and six months ended June 30, 2019, there was no effect of dilutive stock options and unvested restricted common stock on the calculation of diluted EPS as the Company had a net loss for these periods. There would have been no anti-dilutive shares had the Company not been in a net loss position for this period.

For the three and six months ended June 30, 2018, there were no stock options or outstanding restricted stock awards excluded from the computation of earnings per diluted share as there were no shares with an anti-dilutive effect.

#### 10. Stock-Based Compensation

The Company's 2006 Stock Incentive Plan, as amended and restated in April 2015 (the "2006 Plan"), authorizes the Company to issue up to 3,500,000 shares of common stock to employees, non-employee directors and consultants pursuant to awards of stock options, stock appreciation rights, restricted stock, in payment of performance shares or other stock-based awards. The Company amended the 2006 Plan to increase the aggregate number of shares of common stock issuable under the 2006 Plan by 1,000,000 shares to a total of 4,500,000 in May 2016, by 2,000,000 shares to a total of 6,500,000 in May 2017 and by 2,000,000 shares to a total of 8,500,000 in May 2019.

Under the 2006 Plan, stock options must be granted at a price not less than the fair market value of the stock on the date the option is granted, generally are not subject to re-pricing, and will not be exercisable more than ten years after the date of grant. Options granted under the 2006 Plan generally qualify as "non-qualified stock options" under the U.S. Internal Revenue Code. The exercise price of a stock option is equal to the fair market value of the Company's Common Stock on the option grant date. As of June 30, 2019, there were 3,318,657 shares available to be issued under the 2006 Plan. At June 30, 2019, the Company had 22,439 stock options outstanding and 1,378,300 shares of restricted stock outstanding under the 2006 Plan.

### ***Stock Option Awards***

The Company did not grant any stock options during the three and six months ended June 30, 2019 and 2018. There was no compensation expense related to stock options outstanding for both the three and six months ended June 30, 2019 and 2018.

### ***Restricted Stock Awards***

On January 21, 2019, February 1, 2019, March 20, 2019 and April 2, 2019, the Company issued 672,300, 13,423, 27,987 and 10,941 shares of restricted stock, respectively to employees under the 2006 Plan. The fair value per share for the January 21, 2019, February 1, 2019, March 20, 2019 and April, 2019 restricted stock awards were \$6.19, \$5.96, \$5.36 and \$4.57 respectively, representing the closing stock price on the date of grant. These shares will vest in three equal installments on each of the first three anniversaries of the date of grant.

The total compensation expense, classified within Payroll and related on the condensed consolidated statements of operations, related to restricted stock was \$814 and \$1,617 for the three and six months ended June 30, 2019, compared to \$556 and \$1,162 for the comparable prior-year periods. The Company adjusted the forfeiture estimates to reflect actual forfeitures. The forfeiture adjustment reduced stock-based compensation expense by \$25 and \$34 for the three and six months ended June 30, 2019 respectively, compared to \$23 and \$27 for the comparable prior-year periods.

As of June 30, 2019, a total of \$5,449 in unrecognized compensation expense related to restricted stock awards is expected to be recognized over a weighted-average period of 2.14 years.

### ***Stock Grants***

The Company issued 53,692 shares of common stock to members of the Company's Board of Directors in respect of their annual retainer on February 1, 2019. The fair value of the shares issued was \$5.96 per share and was expensed upon the date of grant. The total compensation expense, classified within general and administrative expenses, related to Board of Directors common stock grants was \$320 for each of the six months ended June 30, 2019 and 2018.

### ***Management Stock Purchase Plan***

The Company adopted the 2018 Management Stock Purchase Plan in January 2018, and amended and restated it in March 2018 (the "MSPP"). The purpose of the MSPP is to provide eligible employees of the Company (corporate title of Director or above) an opportunity to voluntarily purchase the Company's stock in a convenient manner. As of June 30, 2019, shares purchased under this plan did not have a material impact on the Company's financial statements.

Upon adoption of the MSPP, eligible employees could elect to use up to 20% of their cash compensation (as defined in the MSPP), but in no event more than \$200 in any calendar year, to purchase the Company's common stock generally on a quarterly basis on the open market through a broker (such purchased shares being referred to as "MSPP Shares"). This amount was amended to \$300, effective June 15, 2019 pursuant to a Board of Directors meeting held on May 15, 2019, "Amendment No.1" of the MSPP. If the participant holds the MSPP Shares for the requisite period specified in the Plan (two years from the purchase date) and remains an employee of the Company, the participant will receive an award of shares of restricted stock under the Company's 2006 Stock Incentive Plan, as amended, in an amount equal to the number of MSPP Shares that satisfied the holding period. The award will vest on the second anniversary of the award date so long as the participant remains an employee on the vesting date. Awards granted under the Stock Incentive Plan in any calendar year as a result of participants holding the MSPP Shares for the requisite period will be the lesser of (i) 50% of the shares available for grant under the Stock Incentive Plan and (ii) the number of MSPP Shares that have satisfied the two year holding period.

### ***Employee Stock Purchase Plan***

In May 2018, the Company's shareholders approved the Town Sports International Holdings, Inc. Employee Stock Purchase Plan (the "ESPP"), effective as of June 15, 2018. Under the ESPP, an aggregate of 800,000 shares of common stock (subject to certain adjustments to reflect changes in the Company's capitalization) are reserved and may be purchased by eligible employees who become participants in the ESPP. The purchase price per share of the common stock is the lesser of 85% of the fair market value of a share of common stock on the offering date or 85% of the fair market value of a share of common stock on the purchase date. As of June 30, 2019, there were 771,688 shares of common stock available for issuance pursuant to the ESPP.

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Total compensation expense, classified within Payroll and related on the condensed consolidated statements of operations, related to ESPP was \$6 and \$13 for the three and six months ended June 30, 2019. For both the three and six months ended 2018, the Company recorded stock-based compensation expense related to the ESPP of \$1.

The fair value of the purchase rights granted under the ESPP for the offering period beginning June 30, 2019 was \$0.69. It was estimated by applying the Black-Scholes option-pricing model to the purchase period in the offering period using the following assumptions:

	June 15, 2019
Grant price	\$ 2.49
Expected term	3 months
Expected volatility	62.97%
Risk-free interest rate	2.21%
Expected dividend yield	—%

*Grant price* - Closing stock price on the first day of the offering period.

*Expected Term* - The expected term is based on the end date of the purchase period of each offering period, which is three months from the commencement of each new offering period.

*Expected volatility* - The expected volatility is based on historical volatility of the Company's stock as well as the implied volatility from publicly traded options on the Company's stock.

*Risk-free interest rate* - The risk-free interest rate is based on a U.S. Treasury rate in effect on the date of grant with a term equal to the expected term.

## 11. Goodwill and Other Intangibles

Goodwill was allocated to reporting units that closely reflect the regions served by the Company: New York, Boston, Washington, D.C., Philadelphia, Florida, California, Puerto Rico and Switzerland. The Company has acquired several clubs in 2018 and the first half of 2019 and has recorded goodwill as applicable to the appropriate regions. For more information on these acquisitions, refer to Note 12 - Acquisitions. Goodwill for all acquisitions was recorded at fair value at the time of such acquisitions and may have changes to the balances up to one year after acquisition. As of June 30, 2019, the New York, Boston, California, Florida, Puerto Rico and Switzerland regions have a goodwill balance.

Beginning in the first quarter of 2018, the Company's annual goodwill impairment test is performed on August 1, or more frequently, should circumstances change which would indicate the fair value of goodwill is below its carrying amount. The Company has historically performed its goodwill impairment test annually as of the last day of February. The determination as to whether a triggering event exists that would warrant an interim review of goodwill and whether a write-down of goodwill is necessary involves significant judgment based on short-term and long-term projections of the Company.

As of February 28, 2018, the Company performed a goodwill impairment test on the Switzerland region in line with the historical policy. As of August 1, 2018, the Company performed a goodwill impairment test on the New York, Boston, California and Switzerland regions, which was within 12 months of the related acquisitions. For the Florida and Puerto Rico regions, the acquired goodwill was related to the acquisitions of clubs after the annual testing date. As such, these intangible assets were recorded at fair value at the time of acquisitions. The next goodwill impairment test for all reporting units will be August 1, 2019.

The Company's annual goodwill impairment tests as of August 1, 2018 and February 28, 2018 were performed by comparing the fair value of the Company's reporting unit with its carrying amount and then recognizing an impairment charge, as necessary, for the amount by which the carrying amount exceeds the reporting unit's fair value, not to exceed the total amount of goodwill allocated to that reporting unit. The estimated fair value was determined by using an income approach. The income approach was based on discounted future cash flows and required significant assumptions, including estimates regarding revenue growth rates, operating margins, weighted average cost of capital, and future economic and market conditions. The August 1, 2018 and February 28, 2018 annual impairment tests supported the goodwill balance and as such, no impairment of goodwill was required.

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The changes in the carrying amount of goodwill from December 31, 2018 through June 30, 2019 are detailed in the chart below:

	New York	Boston	California	Florida	Puerto Rico	Switzerland	Outlier Clubs	Total
Goodwill	\$ 38,376	\$ 23,348	\$ 1,584	\$ 2,467	\$ 2,380	\$ 1,175	\$ 3,982	\$ 73,312
Changes due to foreign currency exchange rate fluctuations	—	—	—	—	—	(129)	—	(129)
Less: accumulated impairment of goodwill	(31,549)	(15,775)	—	—	—	—	(3,982)	(51,306)
<b>Balance as of December 31, 2018</b>	<b>6,827</b>	<b>7,573</b>	<b>1,584</b>	<b>2,467</b>	<b>2,380</b>	<b>1,046</b>	<b>—</b>	<b>21,877</b>
Acquired goodwill (Refer to Note 12 - Acquisitions)	—	—	—	8,038	—	—	—	8,038
Measurement period adjustments	(5)	544	—	2,079	268	—	—	2,886
Changes due to foreign currency exchange rate fluctuations	—	—	—	—	—	10	—	10
<b>Balance as of June 30, 2019</b>	<b>\$ 6,822</b>	<b>\$ 8,117</b>	<b>\$ 1,584</b>	<b>\$ 12,584</b>	<b>\$ 2,648</b>	<b>\$ 1,056</b>	<b>\$ —</b>	<b>\$ 32,811</b>

Amortization expense was \$996 and \$1,742 for the three and six months ended June 30, 2019, respectively, compared to \$556 and \$1,034 for the prior periods. Intangible assets are as follows:

	As of June 30, 2019			As of December 31, 2018		
	Gross Carrying Amount	Accumulated Amortization	Net Intangible Assets	Gross Carrying Amount	Accumulated Amortization	Net Intangible Assets
Membership lists	\$ 7,652	\$ (5,362)	\$ 2,290	\$ 7,042	\$ (4,224)	\$ 2,818
Favorable lease commitment <sup>(1)</sup>	—	—	—	2,390	(553)	1,837
Non-compete agreement	3,761	(637)	3,124	3,050	(295)	2,755
Trade names <sup>(2)</sup>	5,071	(550)	4,521	2,337	(308)	2,029
	<b>\$ 16,484</b>	<b>\$ (6,549)</b>	<b>\$ 9,935</b>	<b>\$ 14,819</b>	<b>\$ (5,380)</b>	<b>\$ 9,439</b>

(1) Balances in favorable lease commitment were reclassified effective January 1, 2019 to Operating lease right-of-use assets in connection with Topic 842. Prior period amounts were not adjusted and continue to be reported in accordance with the Company's historic accounting under previous lease guidance.

(2) During the three months ended June 30, 2019, the Company discontinued the TMPL trade name and wrote off the remaining net balance of \$180.

## 12. Acquisitions

Acquisitions of businesses are accounted for in accordance with ASC 805, Business Combinations and ASU 2017-01. According to ASC 805, transactions that represent business combinations should be accounted for under the acquisition method. In addition, the ASC 805 includes a subtopic which provides guidance on transactions sometimes associated with business combinations but that do not meet the requirements to be accounted for as business combinations under the acquisition method. Under the acquisition method, the purchase price is allocated to the assets acquired and the liabilities assumed based on their respective estimated fair values as of the acquisition date. Any excess of the purchase price over the fair values of the assets acquired and liabilities assumed was allocated to goodwill. The results of operations of the clubs acquired have been included in the Company's condensed consolidated financial statements from the date of acquisition.

The Company incurred acquisition-related costs of \$168 and \$317 in the three and six months ended June 30, 2019, respectively, compared to \$609 and \$1,014 for the comparable prior-year periods. These costs are included in general and administrative expenses in the accompanying condensed consolidated statements of operations.

### *Acquisition of Around the Clock Fitness*

In February 2019, the Company acquired Around The Clock Fitness for a purchase price of \$22,222 and a net cash purchase price of \$21,667. The acquisition added six clubs to the Company's portfolio in Florida. The following table summarizes the allocation of the purchase price to the fair value of the assets and liabilities acquired. The purchase price allocation presented below has been prepared on a preliminary basis and changes to the preliminary purchase price allocations may occur as additional information concerning asset and liability valuations are finalized.

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Certain measurement period adjustments were made subsequent to the initial purchase price allocation in the three months ended June 30, 2019, including adjustments related to the valuation of fixed assets and membership lists. The difference in depreciation and amortization of fixed assets and membership lists as a result of the measurement period adjustments was not material.

	February 2019
<b>Allocation of purchase price:</b>	
Fixed Assets	\$ 8,803
Goodwill	9,856
Definite lived intangible assets:	
Trade name	2,221
Membership list	610
Non-compete agreement	1,424
Operating lease right-of-use assets	17,812
Operating lease liabilities	(18,212)
Deferred revenue	(847)
<b>Total allocation of purchase price</b>	<b>\$ 21,667</b>

The goodwill recognized represents the excess of the purchase price over the fair value of the assets acquired and liabilities assumed. The goodwill associated with this acquisition is partially attributable to the avoided costs of acquiring the assembled workforce and is deductible for tax purposes in its entirety. The definite lived intangible assets acquired are being amortized over their estimated useful lives with the membership lists over the estimated average membership life, the trade name over eight years and the non-compete agreement over the contract life of five years.

In the three and six months ended June 30, 2019, the Company recorded revenue of \$3,441 and \$4,527, respectively, and net loss of \$420 and \$395 related to Around the Clock Fitness. Such amounts are included in the respective accompanying condensed consolidated statements of operations.

*Acquisition in the Boston Metropolitan Region*

In December 2018, the Company acquired four existing clubs in the Boston metropolitan region for a purchase price of \$12,500 and a net cash purchase price of \$12,267 and was accounted for as a business combination. The following table summarizes the allocation of the purchase price to the fair value of the assets and liabilities acquired. The purchase price allocation presented below has been prepared on a preliminary basis and changes to the preliminary purchase price allocations may occur as additional information concerning asset and liability valuations are finalized.

	December 2018
<b>Allocation of purchase price:</b>	
Fixed assets	\$ 3,680
Goodwill	7,041
Definite lived intangible assets:	
Membership list	1,435
Trade name	248
Non-compete agreement	717
Deferred revenue	(854)
<b>Total allocation of purchase price</b>	<b>\$ 12,267</b>

The goodwill recognized represents the excess of the purchase price over the fair value of the assets acquired and liabilities assumed. The goodwill associated with this acquisition is partially attributable to the avoided costs of acquiring the assembled workforce and is deductible for tax purposes in its entirety. The definite lived intangible assets acquired are being amortized over their estimated useful lives with the membership lists over the estimated average membership life, the trade name over three years and the non-compete agreement over the contract life of five years.

In the three and six months ended June 30, 2019, the Company recorded revenue of \$3,355 and \$6,514, respectively, associated with these clubs and net income of \$266 and \$149, respectively. Such amounts are included in the respective accompanying condensed consolidated statements of operations.

[Table of Contents](#)*Acquisition of LIV Fitness*

In September 2018, the Company acquired LIV Fitness for a purchase price of \$5,000 and net cash purchase price of \$4,930. The acquisition added two clubs to the Company's portfolio in Puerto Rico. These clubs continue to operate under the LIV Fitness trade name. The purchase price allocation presented below has been prepared on a preliminary basis and changes to the preliminary purchase price allocations may occur as additional information concerning asset and liability valuations are finalized.

	September 2018
<b>Allocation of purchase price:</b>	
Fixed assets	\$ 2,134
Goodwill	2,648
Definite lived intangible assets:	
Membership list	480
Trade name	340
Non-compete agreement	320
Operating lease right-of-use assets	(400)
Deferred revenue	(592)
<b>Total allocation of purchase price</b>	<b>\$ 4,930</b>

The goodwill recognized represents the excess of the purchase price over the fair value of the assets acquired and liabilities assumed. The goodwill associated with this acquisition is partially attributable to the avoided costs of acquiring the assembled workforce and is deductible for tax purposes in its entirety. The definite lived intangible assets acquired are being amortized over their estimated useful lives with the membership lists being amortized over the estimated average membership life, the trade name over 13 years, the non-compete agreement over the contract life of five years, and the unfavorable lease commitment through March 31, 2023, the remaining life of the lease.

In the three and six months ended June 30, 2019, the Company recorded revenue of \$1,477 and \$2,671, respectively, and net loss of \$89 and \$723, respectively, related to LIV Fitness. Such amounts are included in the respective accompanying condensed consolidated statements of operations.

*Acquisition in the New York Metropolitan Region*

In September 2018, the Company acquired 60% of two existing clubs in the New York metropolitan region, with the seller retaining the other 40%. As a result, these two clubs became majority owned subsidiaries of the Company. This acquisition added two clubs to the Company's portfolio in the New York Metropolitan region and will operate under the New York Sports Clubs brand. The following table summarizes an estimated allocation of the purchase price of the assets and liabilities acquired.

	September 2018
<b>Allocation of purchase price:</b>	
Fixed assets	\$ 703
Goodwill	232
Right of use assets	(76)
Other assets and liabilities assumed, net	(106)
Deferred revenue	(476)
<b>Total allocation of purchase price</b>	<b>\$ 277</b>

The goodwill recognized represents the excess of the purchase price over the fair value of the assets acquired and liabilities assumed. The goodwill associated with this acquisition is partially attributable to the avoided costs of acquiring the assembled workforce and is deductible for tax purposes in its entirety.

In the three and six months ended June 30, 2019, the Company recorded revenue of \$541 and \$1,032, respectively, and net loss attributable to Town Sports International Holdings, Inc. and subsidiaries of \$338 and \$765, respectively, related to these two clubs. Such amounts are included in the respective accompanying condensed consolidated statements of operations.

[Table of Contents](#)*Acquisition of Palm Beach Sports Clubs*

In August 2018, the Company acquired 85% of three clubs in Florida, with the seller retaining the other 15%, for a purchase price of \$7,307 and a net cash purchase price of \$6,697 and branded them "Palm Beach Sports Clubs". A net amount of \$610 is owed to the seller over the next four years. As a result, Palm Beach Sports Clubs became a majority owned subsidiary of the Company. The acquisition added three clubs to the Company's portfolio in the Florida region and was accounted for as a business combination. The acquisition also included the purchase of a building in which one of the three clubs operates. The following table summarizes the allocation of the purchase price to the fair value of the assets and liabilities acquired. The purchase price allocation presented below has been prepared on a preliminary basis and changes to the preliminary purchase price allocations may occur as additional information concerning asset and liability valuations are finalized.

	<b>August 2018</b>
<b>Allocation of purchase price:</b>	
Fixed assets	\$ 5,646
Goodwill	2,728
Definite lived intangible assets:	
Membership list	288
Amount due to seller, net	(610)
Deferred revenue	(860)
Non-controlling interest	(495)
<b>Total allocation of purchase price</b>	<b>\$ 6,697</b>

The goodwill recognized represents the excess of the purchase price over the fair value of the assets acquired and liabilities assumed. The goodwill associated with this acquisition is partially attributable to the avoided costs of acquiring the assembled workforce and is deductible for tax purposes in its entirety. The definite lived intangible assets acquired are amortized over their estimated useful lives with the membership lists being amortized over the estimated average membership life.

In the three and six months ended June 30, 2019, the Company recorded revenue of \$1,057 and \$2,503, respectively, and net income of \$11 and \$111, respectively, related to Palm Beach Sports Clubs. Such amounts are included in the respective accompanying condensed consolidated statements of operations.

*Acquisition of Total Woman Gym and Spa Business*

In April 2018, the Company acquired substantially all of the assets of the Total Woman Gym and Spa business for a purchase price of \$8,000 and a net cash purchase price of \$7,265. The acquisition added 12 clubs to the Company's portfolio in California and was accounted for as a business combination. The clubs continue to operate under the Total Woman Gym and Spa trade name. The following table summarizes the allocation of the purchase price to the fair value of the assets and liabilities acquired. The purchase price allocation presented below has been prepared on a preliminary basis and changes to the preliminary purchase price allocations may occur as additional information concerning asset and liability valuations are finalized.

	<b>April 2018</b>
<b>Allocation of purchase price:</b>	
Fixed assets	\$ 8,064
Goodwill	1,584
Definite lived intangible assets:	
Operating lease right-of-use assets	440
Trade name	1,562
Working capital, net	161
Deferred revenue	(4,546)
<b>Total allocation of purchase price</b>	<b>\$ 7,265</b>

The goodwill recognized represents the excess of the purchase price over the fair value of the assets acquired and liabilities assumed. The goodwill associated with this acquisition is partially attributable to the avoided costs of acquiring the assembled workforce and is deductible for tax purposes in its entirety. The definite lived intangible assets acquired are being amortized over their estimated useful lives of 15 years for the trade name, and through June 30, 2026, the remaining life of the related lease, for the favorable lease commitment.

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In the three and six months ended June 30, 2019, the Company recorded revenue of \$5,607 and \$10,931, respectively, and net loss of \$288 and \$139, respectively, related to Total Woman Gym and Spa. Such amounts are included in the respective accompanying condensed consolidated statements of operations.

*Acquisition in the Boston Metropolitan Region*

In January 2018, the Company acquired an existing club in the Boston metropolitan region for a purchase price of \$2,750 and a net cash purchase price of 2,866 and was accounted for as a business combination. The following table summarizes the allocation of the purchase price to the fair value of the assets and liabilities acquired.

	January 2018
<b>Allocation of purchase price:</b>	
Fixed assets	\$ 982
Goodwill	1,075
Definite lived intangible assets:	
Membership list	600
Non-compete agreement	400
Working capital assets	130
Deferred revenue	(321)
<b>Total allocation of purchase price</b>	<b>\$ 2,866</b>

The goodwill recognized represents the excess of the purchase price over the fair value of the assets acquired and liabilities assumed. The goodwill associated with this acquisition is partially attributable to the avoided costs of acquiring the assembled workforce and is deductible for tax purposes in its entirety. The definite lived intangible assets acquired are being amortized over their estimated useful lives with the membership list over the estimated average membership life and the non-compete agreement over the contract life of five years.

In the three and six months ended June 30, 2019, the Company recorded revenue of \$1,249 and \$2,649, respectively, and net loss of \$54 and net income of \$56, respectively, related to this club. Such amounts are included in the respective accompanying condensed consolidated statements of operations.

*Unaudited Pro forma Results*

The following table provides the Company's consolidated unaudited pro forma revenues, net income and net income per basic and diluted common share had the results of the acquired businesses' operations been included in its operations commencing on January 1, 2017, based on available information related to the respective operations. This pro forma information is not necessarily indicative either of the combined results of operations that actually would have been realized by the Company had the acquisitions been consummated at the beginning of the period for which the pro forma information is presented, or of future results and does not account for any operational improvements to be made by the Company post-acquisition.

	Three Months Ended June 30,		Six Months Ended June 30,	
	2019	2018	2019	2018
Revenue	\$ 118,074	\$ 118,089	\$ 237,264	\$ 230,960
Net (loss) income including non-controlling interests	\$ (1,557)	\$ 242	\$ (3,711)	\$ 1,012
(Loss) earnings per share:				
Basic	\$ (0.05)	\$ 0.01	\$ (0.14)	\$ 0.04
Diluted	\$ (0.05)	\$ 0.01	\$ (0.14)	\$ 0.04

*Asset Acquisitions*

In January 2018, the Company acquired a building and the land it occupies in the Florida region, as well as a single health club located on the premises for a purchase price of \$4,039. Of the total purchase price, \$2,691 was attributed to the building, \$1,021 was attributed to the land, and the remainder of the purchase price was primarily attributed to the equipment, intangible assets and deferred revenue. This transaction was accounted for as an asset acquisition.

### **13. Income Taxes**

The Company recorded an income tax provision inclusive of valuation allowance of \$72 and \$43 for the six months ended June 30, 2019 and 2018, respectively, reflecting a negative effective income tax rate of 2% for the six months ended June 30, 2019 and a positive effective income tax rate of 2% for the six months ended June 30, 2018. For the six months ended June 30, 2019 and 2018, the Company calculated its income tax provision using the estimated annual effective tax rate methodology.

On December 22, 2017, the U.S. President signed into law H.R.1, formerly known as the Tax Cuts and Jobs Act (the "Tax Legislation"). The Tax Legislation significantly revises the U.S. tax code by among other items lowering the U.S federal statutory income tax rate from 35% to 21%. The Company has computed its income tax provision for the six months ended June 30, 2019 and 2018 considering this new rate. The Company also initially recorded the applicable impact of the Tax Legislation within its provision for income taxes in the year ended December 31, 2017.

As of June 30, 2019 and December 31, 2018, the Company maintained a full valuation allowance against its net deferred tax assets.

As of June 30, 2019, the Company had \$1,155 of unrecognized tax benefits and it is reasonably possible that the entire amount could be realized by the Company in the year ending December 31, 2019, since the related income tax returns may no longer be subject to audit in 2019.

From time to time, the Company is under audit by federal, state, and local tax authorities and the Company may be liable for additional tax obligations and may incur additional costs in defending any claims that may arise.

The following state and local jurisdictions are currently examining our respective returns for the years indicated: New York State (2006 through 2014), and New York City (2006 through 2014).

In particular, the Company disagrees with the proposed assessment dated December 12, 2016 from the State of New York and attended a conciliation conference with the New York State Department of Taxation and Finance Audit section on June 7, 2017. No settlement was reached at the conference and the proposed assessment was sustained. As such, in a revised letter dated November 30, 2017, the Company received from the State of New York a revised assessment related to tax years 2006-2009 for approximately \$5,097, inclusive of approximately \$2,419 of interest. The Company has appealed the assessment with the New York State Division of Tax Appeals. On November 17, 2017, the Company was notified that the State of New York proposed an adjustment in the amount of approximately \$3,906 for the years 2010 to 2014, inclusive of approximately \$757 in interest. In November 2018, we met with the Department officials for the assessment related to 2010 to 2014. The meeting ended with the company disagreeing with the proposed assessment for the years in audit. Subsequently, in a letter dated February 4, 2019, the interest amount is revised to \$1,203. The Company disagrees to the proposed assessment and the Company has consented to extend such assessment period through December 31, 2019.

The Company is also under examination in New York City (2006 through 2014). New York City Department of Finance has proposed an audit change notice to the Company dated May 2, 2018, for the tax years ended December 31, 2006 through December 31, 2009 for proposed general corporation tax liability in the amount of \$4,797 plus \$4,138 in interest. In a letter dated January 18, 2019, NYC Department of finance has issued a proposed general tax liability of \$5,599, inclusive of \$1,569 in interest for audit periods 2010 to 2014. The Company disagrees with the proposed assessment and the Company has consented to extend such assessment period through December 31, 2020.

The Company has not recorded a tax reserve related to these proposed assessments. It is difficult to predict the final outcome or timing of resolution of any particular matter regarding these examinations. An estimate of the reasonably possible changes to unrecognized tax benefits within the next 12 months cannot be made.

In March 2018, Commonwealth of Massachusetts began an audit of state tax filing of the Company for the Commonwealth of Massachusetts for the 12 month periods ending December 31, 2014, 2015 and 2016. The Company has agreed to extend the assessment period for the Commonwealth of Massachusetts through March 31, 2019.

### **14. Commitments and Contingencies**

On February 7, 2007, in an action styled White Plains Plaza Realty, LLC v. TSI LLC et al., the landlord of one of TSI LLC's former health and fitness clubs filed a lawsuit in the Appellate Division, Second Department of the Supreme Court of the

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State of New York against it and two of its health club subsidiaries alleging, among other things, breach of lease in connection with the decision to close the club located in a building owned by the plaintiff and leased to a subsidiary of TSI LLC, the tenant, and take additional space in a nearby facility leased by another subsidiary of TSI LLC. Following a determination of an initial award, which TSI LLC and the tenant have paid in full, the landlord appealed the trial court's award of damages, and on August 29, 2011, an additional award (amounting to approximately \$900) (the "Additional Award"), was entered against the tenant, which has recorded a liability. Separately, TSI LLC is party to an agreement with a third-party developer, which by its terms provides indemnification for the full amount of any liability of any nature arising out of the lease described above, including attorneys' fees incurred to enforce the indemnity. As a result, the developer reimbursed TSI LLC and the tenant the amount of the initial award in installments over time and also agreed to be responsible for the payment of the Additional Award, and the tenant has recorded a receivable related to the indemnification for the Additional Award. The developer and the landlord are currently litigating the payment of the Additional Award and judgment was entered against the developer on June 5, 2013, in the amount of approximately \$1,000, plus interest, which judgment was upheld by the appellate court on April 29, 2015. TSI LLC does not believe it is probable that TSI LLC will be required to pay for any amount of the Additional Award.

In June 2019 a consultant of the company commenced an arbitration seeking to recover, inter alia, consulting fees due to him under his Consulting Agreement which expires in October 2020. This case is in its infancy stages, without the Company having had the benefit of discovery, as such the outcome is uncertain. The Company intends to vigorously defend this matter and believes it has meritorious defenses to the claims asserted.

In addition to the litigations discussed above, the Company is involved in various other lawsuits, claims and proceedings incidental to the ordinary course of business, including personal injury, landlord tenant disputes, construction matters, employee and member relations, and Telephone Consumer Protection Act claims (a number of which purport to represent a class and one of which was brought by the Washington, D.C. Attorney General's Office). The results of litigation are inherently unpredictable. Any claims against the Company, whether meritorious or not, could be time consuming, result in costly litigation, require significant amounts of management time and result in diversion of significant resources. The results of these other lawsuits, claims and proceedings cannot be predicted with certainty. The Company establishes accruals for loss contingencies when it has determined that a loss is probable and that the amount of loss, or range of loss, can be reasonably estimated. Any such accruals are adjusted thereafter as appropriate to reflect changes in circumstances. The Company concluded that an accrual for any such matters is not required as of June 30, 2019.

The Company assigned its interest, and is contingently liable, under a real estate lease. This lease expires in 2020. As of June 30, 2019, the undiscounted payments the Company could be required to make in the event of non-payment by the primary lessee was approximately \$631. The Company has not recorded a liability with respect to this guarantee obligation as of June 30, 2019 as it concluded that payment under this lease guarantee was not probable.

### **15. Subsequent Events**

On July 3, 2019, the Company repaid the \$9,500 that was borrowed on June 26, 2019 under the 2013 Revolving Credit Facility.

## Item 2. Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations

### Introduction

In this Form 10-Q, unless otherwise stated or the context otherwise indicates, references to "the Company," "we," "our," "TSI Holdings" and similar references refer to Town Sports International Holdings, Inc. and its subsidiaries. References to "TSI LLC" refer to Town Sports International, LLC, and "TSI Group" refer to Town Sports Group, LLC, both of which are wholly-owned operating subsidiaries of the Company. The Company is a diversified holding company owning subsidiaries engaged in a number of business and investment activities. The Company's largest operating subsidiary, TSI LLC, has been involved in the fitness industry since 1973 and has grown to become one of the largest owners and operators of fitness clubs in the Northeast region of the United States. TSI Group was formed in 2017 to invest in public and private equities and real estate. TSI Holdings' corporate structure provides flexibility to make investments across a broad spectrum of industries in order to create long-term value for stockholders.

Based on the number of clubs, we are one of the leading owners and operators of fitness clubs in the Northeast and Mid-Atlantic regions of the United States and one of the largest fitness club owners and operators in the United States. Our clubs collectively served approximately 651,000 members as of June 30, 2019. As of June 30, 2019, we owned and operated 190 fitness clubs ("clubs") under the various brand names, primarily located in the United States of America.

Brand	Count
New York Sports Clubs	101
Boston Sports Clubs	32
Washington Sports Clubs	10
Philadelphia Sports Clubs	5
Lucille Roberts	16
Total Woman Gym and Spa	11
Palm Beach Sports Clubs	3
Christi's Fitness	1
Around the Clock Fitness	6
LIV Fitness	2
New York Sports Clubs - Switzerland	3
	<u>190</u>

We develop clusters of clubs to serve densely populated metropolitan regions and we service such populations by clustering clubs near the highest concentrations of our target customers' areas of both employment and residence. Our clubs are located for maximum convenience to our members in urban or suburban areas, close to transportation hubs or office or retail centers. Our members include a wide age demographic covering the student market to the active mature market. In each of our main regions, we have developed clusters by initially opening or acquiring clubs located in the more central urban markets of the region and then branching out from these urban centers to suburbs and neighboring communities.

In the six months ended June 30, 2019 we opened seven clubs, six of which were obtained through acquisition. In 2018, we acquired 25 clubs and constructed and opened one new club for which we had an existing lease.

### Revenue and operating expenses

We have two principal sources of revenue:

- Membership revenue:* Our largest sources of revenue are dues inclusive of monthly membership fees, annual maintenance fees, and initiation and processing fees paid by our members. In addition, we collect usage fees on a per visit basis for non-passport members using non-home clubs. These dues and fees comprised 76.3% of our total revenue for the six months ended June 30, 2019. We recognize revenue from membership dues in the month when the services are rendered. We recognize revenue from initiation and processing fees over the estimated average membership life and annual fees over a twelve month period.
- Ancillary club revenue:* For the six months ended June 30, 2019, we generated 16.9% of our revenue from personal training and 5.5% of our revenue from other ancillary programs and services consisting of Sports Clubs for Kids, racquet sports and Small Group Training programs. We continue to grow ancillary club revenue by

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building on ancillary programs such as our personal training membership product and our fee-based Small Group Training programs.

We also receive revenue (approximately 1.3% of our total revenue for the six months ended June 30, 2019) from the rental of space in our facilities to operators who offer wellness-related offerings, such as physical therapy and juice bars. In addition, we sell in-club advertising and sponsorships, provide laundry services to third parties, and generate management fees from certain club facilities that we do not wholly own. We refer to these revenues as Fees and other revenue.

Our performance is dependent in part on our ability to continually attract and retain members at our clubs. In the six months ended June 30, 2019 and 2018, our monthly average attrition rate was 3.9% and 4.2%, respectively.

Our operating expenses are comprised of both fixed and variable costs. Fixed costs include club and supervisory and other salary and related expenses, occupancy costs, including most elements of rent, utilities, housekeeping and contracted maintenance expenses, as well as depreciation. Variable costs are primarily related to payroll associated with ancillary club revenue, membership sales compensation, advertising, certain facility repairs and club supplies.

General and administrative expenses include costs relating to our centralized support functions, such as accounting, insurance, information and communication systems, acquisition related costs, purchasing, member relations, legal and consulting fees and real estate development expenses. Payroll and related expenses are included in a separate line item on the condensed consolidated statements of operations and are not included in general and administrative expenses. Approximately \$6.0 million and \$3.6 million, or 45% and 29%, of general and administrative expenses relate directly to club operations for the six months ended June 30, 2019 and 2018, respectively, including general liability insurance, phone and data lines, computer maintenance, business licenses, office and sales supplies, recruiting and training.

As clubs mature and increase their membership base, fixed costs are typically spread over an increasing revenue base and operating margins tend to improve. Conversely, when our membership base declines, our operating margins are negatively impacted.

At acquired clubs, operating margins may initially decline due to costs related to the acquisition and time to implement and integrate into our process. Our primary capital expenditures relate to routine improvements at our clubs, the construction or acquisition of new club facilities and the upgrade and renovation of our existing clubs. The construction and equipment costs vary based on the costs of construction labor, as well as the planned service offerings and size and configuration of the facility. We perform routine improvements at our clubs and partial replacement of the fitness equipment each year for which we are currently budgeting approximately 2% of projected annual revenue. In this regard, facility remodeling is also considered where appropriate.

As of June 30, 2019, our consolidated operating results included five majority owned clubs for which we had control. In addition, we owned 45% and 20%, respectively, of two clubs (one of which operated under a different brand name) for which we applied the equity method of accounting. We also owned one licensed club and provided management services at two locations that we did not have an equity interest.

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**Historical Club Count**

The following table set forth the changes in our club count during each of the quarters in 2018, the full-year 2018, and the first and second quarters of 2019.

	2018					2019	
	Q1	Q2	Q3	Q4	Full Year	Q1	Q2
Clubs included in consolidated operating results:							
Clubs operated at beginning of period	164	164	175	179	164	183	187
Acquired clubs	2	12	7	4	25	6	—
New clubs opened	—	—	—	1	1	—	1
Club converted to licensed club <sup>(3)</sup>	(1)	—	—	—	(1)	—	—
Clubs closed	(1)	(1)	(3)	(1)	(6)	(2)	—
Clubs operated at end of period	164	175	179	183	183	187	188
Club included in equity investment at end of period <sup>(1)</sup>	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Licensed club operated at end of period <sup>(3)</sup>	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Total clubs operated at end of period <sup>(1)(2)</sup>	166	177	181	185	185	189	190

(1) Excludes one 20% owned club that operated under a different brand name in our Washington, D.C. region.

(2) Excludes two locations that were managed by us in which we did not have an equity interest.

(3) Includes one club that transitioned to a licensed location in the first quarter of 2018 and bears the “Washington Sports Clubs” brand name.

**Comparable Club Revenue**

We define comparable club revenue as revenue at those clubs that were operated by us for over 12 months (“comparable clubs”) and comparable club revenue increase (decrease) as revenue for the 13th month and thereafter as applicable as compared to the same period of the prior year.

Key determinants of comparable club revenue increases shown in the table below are new memberships, member retention rates, pricing and ancillary revenue increases.

	2018				2019	
	Q1	Q2	Q3	Q4	Q1	Q2
Comparable club revenue	1.7%	1.8%	1.5%	1.1%	(1.8)%	(3.4)%

The comparable club revenue decrease in the six months ended June 30, 2019 was primarily due to a decrease in member count and personal training revenue, partially offset by higher average dues per membership and increased annual fees. The comparable club revenue increase in 2018 was primarily due to higher average dues per membership, increased annual fees and personal training revenue, partially offset by a decrease in member count and other ancillary club revenue, particularly our Sports Clubs for Kids programs.

**Consolidated Results of Operations**

The following table sets forth certain operating data as a percentage of revenue for the periods indicated:

	Three Months Ended June 30,		Six Months Ended June 30,	
	2019	2018	2019	2018
Revenue	100.0 %	100.0 %	100.0 %	100.0 %
Operating expenses:				
Payroll and related	38.4	37.7	38.6	37.3
Club operating	46.3	44.6	46.2	44.9
General and administrative	5.5	5.7	5.7	5.6
Depreciation and amortization	8.5	8.6	8.4	8.5
	98.7	96.6	98.8	96.3
Operating income	1.3	3.4	1.2	3.7
Interest expense	2.7	3.0	2.8	3.0
Equity in the earnings of investees	(0.1)	(0.1)	(0.1)	(0.1)
(Loss) income before benefit for corporate income taxes	(1.3)	0.5	(1.6)	0.8
Benefit for corporate income taxes	—	—	—	—
Net (loss) income including non-controlling interests	(1.3)	0.5	(1.6)	0.8
Less: net loss attributable to non-controlling interests	(0.1)	—	(0.1)	—
Net loss attributable to TSI Holdings	(1.2)%	0.5 %	(1.5)%	0.8 %

**Three Months Ended June 30, 2019 compared to Three Months Ended June 30, 2018**

Revenue (in thousands) was comprised of the following for the periods indicated:

	Three Months Ended June 30,				
	2019		2018		% Variance
	Revenue	% Revenue	Revenue	% Revenue	
Membership dues	\$ 89,868	75.7%	\$ 85,549	76.2%	5.0%
Initiation and processing fees	403	0.3	332	0.3	21.4
Membership revenue	90,271	76.0	85,881	76.5	5.1
Personal training revenue	20,368	17.3	19,179	17.1	6.2
Other ancillary club revenue (1)	6,388	5.2	5,987	5.3	6.7
Ancillary club revenue	26,756	22.5	25,166	22.4	6.3
Fees and other revenue (2)	1,677	1.5	1,282	1.1	30.8
Total revenue	\$ 118,704	100.0%	\$ 112,329	100.0%	5.7%

- (1) Other ancillary club revenue primarily consisted of Sports Clubs for Kids, Small Group Training, racquet sports and spa.  
(2) Fees and other revenue primarily consisted of rental income, marketing revenue, management fees and laundry service fees.

Revenue increased \$6.4 million, or 5.7%, in the three months ended June 30, 2019 compared to the three months ended June 30, 2018, primarily due to increases related to the newly acquired clubs of \$11.9 million. These increases were partially offset by the impact of club closures of \$1.9 million and a decline in membership dues and personal training in comparable clubs of \$3.4 million.

Membership dues revenue increased \$4.3 million, or 5.0%, in the three months ended June 30, 2019 compared to the three months ended June 30, 2018, primarily reflecting the favorable impact of \$8.3 million from the newly acquired clubs and an increase in annual fees of \$242,000. These increases were partially offset by the impact of club closures of \$1.4 million and a decrease due to net member decline of \$2.4 million in comparable clubs.

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Personal training revenue increased \$1.2 million, or 6.2%, in the three months ended June 30, 2019 compared to the three months ended June 30, 2018, primarily due to the favorable impact from the newly acquired clubs, partially offset by the impact of club closures and a decline in comparable clubs.

Other ancillary club revenue increased \$401,000, or 6.7%, in the three months ended June 30, 2019 compared to the three months ended June 30, 2018, primarily due to the favorable impact from the newly acquired clubs, which included \$921,000 related to spa services.

**Operating expenses (in thousands) were comprised of the following for the periods indicated:**

	Three Months Ended June 30,		% Variance
	2019	2018	
Payroll and related	\$ 45,547	\$ 42,396	7.4%
Club operating	55,017	50,131	9.7
General and administrative	6,493	6,381	1.8
Depreciation and amortization	10,075	9,640	4.5
Total operating expenses	\$ 117,132	\$ 108,548	7.9%

Operating expenses increased due to the following factors:

*Payroll and related.* Payroll and related expenses increased \$3.2 million, or 7.4%, in the three months ended June 30, 2019 compared to the three months ended June 30, 2018, primarily reflecting the impact from the acquired and newly opened clubs of approximately \$4.4 million. We were also subject to compliance with minimum wage increases in jurisdictions that we operate in. These increases were partially offset by a decrease in personal training payroll expenses related to lower personal training revenue in comparable clubs and the impact of club closures and other savings initiatives.

*Club operating.* Club operating expenses increased \$4.9 million, or 9.7%, in the three months ended June 30, 2019 compared to the three months ended June 30, 2018, primarily reflecting the impact from the newly acquired and opened clubs of \$5.1 million, including \$2.2 million for rent and occupancy expenses. In addition, rent and occupancy expenses also increased \$2.1 million at comparable clubs due to rent escalations. The increase in club operating expenses was also partly due to the impact from the adoption of the new lease standard (Account Standards Codification Topic 842). Partially offsetting these increases were decreases of \$1.3 million in club operating expenses reflecting the impact of club closures.

*General and administrative.* General and administrative expenses increased \$112,000, or 1.8%, in the three months ended June 30, 2019 compared to the three months ended June 30, 2018, primarily reflecting contingencies reserves of \$1.0 million, partially offset by decreases in acquisition costs of \$441,000, professional fees of \$219,000 and miscellaneous fees of \$475,000.

*Depreciation and amortization.* In the three months ended June 30, 2019 compared to the three months ended June 30, 2018, depreciation and amortization expense increased \$435,000, or 4.5%, primarily due to the depreciation of assets at our new clubs, partially offset by a decrease at our mature clubs and the impact of closed locations.

**Benefit for corporate income taxes**

We recorded an income tax provision inclusive of valuation allowance of \$2,000 and \$35,000 for the three months ended June 30, 2019 and 2018, respectively, reflecting a negative effective income tax rate of 0.1% for the three months ended June 30, 2019 and an effective income tax rate of 6% for the three months ended June 30, 2018. For the three months ended June 30, 2019 and 2018, we calculated our income tax provision using the estimated annual effective tax rate methodology.

*Six Months Ended June 30, 2019 compared to Six Months Ended June 30, 2018*

Revenue (in thousands) was comprised of the following for the periods indicated:

	Six Months Ended June 30,				
	2019		2018		% Variance
	Revenue	% Revenue	Revenue	% Revenue	
Membership dues	\$ 178,691	75.9%	\$ 167,830	76.5%	6.5%
Initiation and processing fees	832	0.4	669	0.3	24.4
Membership revenue	179,523	76.3	168,499	76.8	6.5
Personal training revenue	39,857	16.9	37,432	17.1	6.5
Other ancillary club revenue (1)	12,787	5.5	10,791	4.9	18.5
Ancillary club revenue	52,644	22.4	48,223	22.0	9.2
Fees and other revenue (2)	3,135	1.3	2,718	1.2	15.3
Total revenue	\$ 235,302	100.0%	\$ 219,440	100.0%	7.2%

(1) Other ancillary club revenue primarily consisted of Sports Clubs for Kids, Small Group Training, racquet sports and spa.

(2) Fees and other revenue primarily consisted of rental income, marketing revenue, management fees and laundry service fees.

Revenue increased \$15.9 million, or 7.2%, in the six months ended June 30, 2019 compared to the six months ended June 30, 2018, primarily related to increases of \$25.5 million at the newly acquired clubs and an increase in annual fees of \$898,000. These increases were partially offset by the impact of club closures of \$3.9 million and a decline in membership dues and personal training in comparable clubs of \$5.3 million.

Membership dues revenue increased \$10.9 million, or 6.5%, in the six months ended June 30, 2019 compared to the six months ended June 30, 2018, primarily reflecting the favorable impact of \$17.7 million from the newly acquired clubs and increased annual fees. These increases were partially offset by the impact of club closures of \$3.0 million and a decrease due to net member decline of \$3.5 million in comparable clubs.

Personal training revenue increased \$2.4 million, or 6.5%, in the six months ended June 30, 2019 compared to the six months ended June 30, 2018, primarily due to the favorable impact from the newly acquired clubs, partially offset by the impact of club closures and a decline in comparable clubs.

Other ancillary club revenue increased \$2.0 million, or 18.5%, in the six months ended June 30, 2019 compared to the six months ended June 30, 2018, primarily due to the favorable impact from the newly acquired clubs, which included \$1.8 million related to spa services.

Operating expenses (in thousands) were comprised of the following for the periods indicated:

	Six Months Ended June 30,		
	2019	2018	% Variance
Payroll and related	\$ 90,870	\$ 81,870	11.0%
Club operating	108,593	98,495	10.3
General and administrative	13,363	12,292	8.7
Depreciation and amortization	19,660	18,768	4.8
Total operating expenses	\$ 232,486	\$ 211,425	10.0%

Operating expenses increased due to the following factors:

*Payroll and related.* Payroll and related expenses increased \$9.0 million, or 11.0%, in the six months ended June 30, 2019 compared to the six months ended June 30, 2018, primarily reflecting the impact from the acquired and newly opened clubs of approximately \$10.7 million. We were also subject to compliance with minimum wage increases of approximately \$1.4 million

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in jurisdictions that we operate. These increases were partially offset by a decrease in personal training payroll expenses related to lower personal training revenue in comparable clubs and the impact of club closures and other savings initiatives.

*Club operating.* Club operating expenses increased \$10.1 million, or 10.3%, in the six months ended June 30, 2019 compared to the six months ended June 30, 2018, primarily reflecting the impact from the newly acquired and opened clubs of \$11.0 million, including \$5.6 million for rent and occupancy expenses. In addition, rent and occupancy expenses also increased \$4.9 million at comparable clubs due to rent escalations. The increase in club operating expenses was also partly due to the impact from the adoption of the new lease standard (Account Standards Codification Topic 842). Partially offsetting these increases were decreases of \$3.1 million in club operating expenses reflecting the impact of club closures.

*General and administrative.* General and administrative expenses increased \$1.1 million, or 8.7%, in the six months ended June 30, 2019 compared to the six months ended June 30, 2018, primarily reflecting an increase from the newly acquired and opened clubs of \$977,000, contingencies reserves totaling \$1.0 million and an increase in general liability insurance reserves of \$490,000, partially offset by decreases in acquisition costs of \$697,000, professional fees of \$528,000 and miscellaneous expenses of \$388,000 and the impact of closed locations.

*Depreciation and amortization.* In the six months ended June 30, 2019 compared to the six months ended June 30, 2018, depreciation and amortization expense increased \$892,000, or 4.8%, primarily due to the depreciation of assets at our new clubs, partially offset by a decrease at our mature clubs and the impact of closed locations.

### **Benefit for corporate income taxes**

We recorded an income tax provision inclusive of valuation allowance of \$72,000 and \$43,000 for the six months ended June 30, 2019 and 2018, respectively, reflecting a negative effective income tax rate of 2.0% for the six months ended June 30, 2019 and an effective income tax rate of 2.4% for the six months ended June 30, 2018. For the six months ended June 30, 2019 and 2018, we calculated our income tax provision using the estimated annual effective tax rate methodology.

### **Liquidity and Capital Resources**

We continue to experience revenue pressure as the fitness industry continues to be highly competitive in the geographic regions in which we operate. We continue to strategize on improving our financial results and focus on increasing membership to increase revenue. We may consider additional actions within our control, including certain acquisitions, licensing arrangements, the closure of unprofitable clubs upon lease expiration and the sale of certain assets. Our ability to continue to meet our obligations is dependent on our ability to generate positive cash flow from a combination of initiatives, including those mentioned above. Failure to continue to successfully implement these initiatives could have a material adverse effect on our liquidity and our operations, and we would need to implement alternative plans that could include additional asset sales, additional reductions in operating costs, additional reductions in working capital, debt restructuring and the deferral of capital expenditures. There can be no assurance that such alternatives would be available to us or that we would be successful in their implementation.

As of June 30, 2019, we had \$29.8 million of cash and cash equivalents. Financial instruments that potentially subject us to concentrations of credit risk consist of cash and cash equivalents. Although we deposit our cash with more than one financial institution, as of June 30, 2019, \$15.8 million was held at one financial institution. We have not experienced any losses on cash and cash equivalent accounts to date and we do not believe that, based on the credit ratings of the aforementioned institutions, we are exposed to any significant credit risk related to cash at this time.

Historically, we have satisfied our liquidity needs through cash generated from operations and various borrowing arrangements. Principal liquidity needs have included the acquisition and development of new clubs, debt service requirements, debt purchases and other capital expenditures necessary to upgrade, expand and renovate existing clubs. We believe that our existing cash and cash equivalents, and cash generated from operations will be sufficient to fund capital expenditures, working capital needs and other liquidity requirements associated with our existing operations through at least the next 12 months. To the extent we continue to expand our business through construction of new clubs or acquisitions, we may need to obtain additional sources of financing.

The Company's 2013 Senior Credit Facility is due on November 15, 2020. The Company is currently evaluating its refinancing options. The Company, from time to time, communicates with its existing lenders and/or new potential lenders or investors regarding the availability of debt and/or equity financing to fund working capital and for general corporate purposes, including, without limitation, refinancing the Company's existing debt and/or to fund acquisitions. Any potential financing will

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be subject to, among other factors, receipt of satisfactory terms which will depend on market and industry conditions as well as the Company's operating performance at such time. There can be no assurance that the Company will be able to refinance its debt at market rates and as such may have to seek alternative financing.

*Operating Activities.* Net cash provided by operating activities for the six months ended June 30, 2019 decreased \$22.2 million compared to the six months ended June 30, 2018. Decreases in operating cash included the following:

- Cash paid for occupancy increased \$17.2 million due timing differences in occupancy payments.
- Cash paid for payroll increased \$12.4 million mainly due to the impact from the acquired and newly opened clubs as well as an increase in minimum wages requirements.

Offsetting increases in operating cash included the following:

- Cash collected for membership dues increased \$10.2 million.
- Cash collected for personal training memberships increased \$725,000.
- Cash collected for recurring annual fees increased \$950,000.

*Investing Activities.* Net cash used in investing activities increased \$13.4 million in the six months ended June 30, 2019 compared to the six months ended June 30, 2018 primarily related to the increase in acquisition activity in 2019. Cash paid in connection with the acquisition of businesses, property and other assets, increased \$10.4 million in the 2019 period. The increase in cash used in investing activities was also due to increased capital expenditures, primarily due to continued enhancement or upgrade to our existing clubs, and the remodeling of several clubs.

*Financing Activities.* Net cash used in financing activities increased \$10.9 million, primarily due to the draw down on the 2013 Revolving Loan Facility partially offset by increased principal payments on finance lease obligations, and principal payments on mortgage and term loan in the six months ended June 30, 2019.

As of June 30, 2019, our total principal amount of debt outstanding under our 2013 Term Loan Facility was \$179.2 million. We paid \$18.1 million in principal payments in April 2019 associated with the \$36.3 million excess cash flow at December 31, 2018, with the remaining debt balance maturing on November 15, 2020. This substantial amount of debt could have significant consequences, including:

- making it more difficult to satisfy our obligations, including with respect to our outstanding indebtedness;
- increasing our vulnerability to general adverse economic and industry conditions;
- limiting our ability to obtain additional financing to fund future working capital, capital expenditures, acquisitions of new clubs and other general corporate requirements;
- requiring a substantial portion of our cash flow from operations for the payment of interest on our debt, which is variable on our 2013 Revolving Loan Facility and on our 2013 Term Loan Facility, and/or principal pursuant to excess cash flow requirements and reducing our ability to use our cash flow to fund working capital, capital expenditures and acquisitions of new clubs and general corporate requirements;
- increasing our vulnerability to interest rate fluctuations in connection with borrowings under our 2013 Senior Credit Facility at variable interest rates;
- limiting our ability to refinance our existing indebtedness on favorable terms before the expiration of the current 2013 Term Loan Facility, or at all; and
- limiting our flexibility in planning for, or reacting to, changes in our business and the industry in which we operate.

These limitations and consequences may place us at a competitive disadvantage to other less-leveraged competitors.

We believe that we have, or will be able to generate, sufficient funds to finance our current operating plans through the next 12 months. Any material acceleration or expansion of our plans through newly constructed clubs or acquisitions (to the extent such acquisitions include cash payments) may require us to pursue additional sources of financing. There can be no assurance that such financing will be available, available on acceptable terms, or permitted under the 2013 Senior Credit Facility (as defined below).

### **2013 Senior Credit Facility**

On November 15, 2013, TSI LLC, an indirect, wholly-owned subsidiary, entered into a \$370.0 million senior secured credit facility (“2013 Senior Credit Facility”), pursuant to a credit agreement among TSI LLC, TSI Holdings II, LLC, a newly-formed, wholly-owned subsidiary of the Company (“Holdings II”), as a Guarantor, the lenders party thereto, Deutsche Bank AG, as administrative agent, and Keybank National Association, as syndication agent. The 2013 Senior Credit Facility consists of a \$325.0 million term loan facility maturing on November 15, 2020 (“2013 Term Loan Facility”) and a \$15.0 million revolving loan facility maturing on August 14, 2020 (“2013 Revolving Loan Facility”). Proceeds from the 2013 Term Loan Facility of \$323.4 million were issued, net of an original issue discount (“OID”) of 0.5%, or \$1.6 million. The borrowings under the 2013 Senior Credit Facility are guaranteed and secured by assets and pledges of capital stock by Holdings II, TSI LLC, and, subject to certain customary exceptions, the wholly-owned domestic subsidiaries of TSI LLC.

On January 30, 2015, the 2013 Senior Credit Facility was amended (the “First Amendment”) to permit TSI Holdings to purchase term loans under the credit agreement. Any term loans purchased by TSI Holdings will be canceled in accordance with the terms of the credit agreement, as amended by the Amendment. We may from time to time purchase term loans in market transactions, privately negotiated transactions or otherwise; however we are under no obligation to make any such purchases. Any such transactions, and the amounts involved, will depend on prevailing market conditions, liquidity requirements, contractual restrictions and other factors. The amounts involved may be material.

On November 8, 2018, the 2013 Senior Credit Facility was amended (the “Second Amendment”), which modified the revolving loan facility amount to \$15.0 million from \$45.0 million, and extended the maturity date from November 15, 2018 to August 14, 2020. In addition, the Second Amendment restated that the Company is not able to utilize more than 20% or \$3.0 million in accordance with terms of the 2013 Revolving Loan Facility if the total leverage ratio exceeds 4.00:1.00 (calculated on a proforma basis to give effect to any borrowing). Previously, the Company was not able to utilize more than 25% or \$11.3 million in accordance with terms of the 2013 Revolving Loan Facility if the total leverage ratio exceeded 4.50:1.00 (calculated on a proforma basis to give effect to any borrowing).

Borrowings under the 2013 Term Loan Facility and the 2013 Revolving Loan Facility, at TSI LLC’s option, bear interest at either the administrative agent’s base rate plus 2.5% or a LIBOR rate adjusted for certain additional costs (the “Eurodollar Rate”) plus 3.5%, each as defined in the 2013 Senior Credit Facility. With respect to the outstanding term loans, the Eurodollar Rate has a floor of 1.00% and the base rate has a floor of 2.00%. Commencing with the last business day of the quarter ended March 31, 2014, TSI LLC is required to pay 0.25% of the principal amount of the term loans each quarter, which may be reduced by voluntary prepayments. As of June 30, 2019, TSI LLC had made a total of \$18.7 million in principal payments on the 2013 Term Loan Facility.

In May 2017 and February 2019, TSI LLC loaned \$5.0 million and \$2.0 million respectively to TSI Group, a wholly-owned subsidiary of TSI Holdings, at a rate of LIBOR plus 9.55% per annum. In April 2019 TSI Group repaid the outstanding loan balance of \$6.9 million. In addition to the interest payments, TSI Group was required to repay 1.0% of the principal amount of the loan, \$70,000 per annum, on a quarterly basis commencing September 30, 2017. The loan was secured by certain collateral. This transaction has no impact on the Company’s consolidated financial statements as it is eliminated in consolidation. In October 2017, TSI LLC made a dividend distribution of \$35.0 million to TSI Holdings. In June 2019, TSI LLC paid a dividend of \$16.0 million to TSI Holdings as permitted under the 2013 Credit Facility. As of June 30, 2019, TSI Group had a cash balance of approximately \$10.8 million.

As of June 30, 2019, TSI LLC had outstanding letters of credit of \$2.5 million under the 2013 Revolving Credit Facility and a total leverage ratio that was below 4.00:1.00. On June 27, 2019, TSI LLC borrowed \$9.5 million under the 2013 Revolving Loan Facility and repaid the full amount on July 3, 2019. The Company also had \$2.0 million in outstanding letters of credit issued that were not associated with the 2013 Revolving Credit Facility to secure certain lease obligations. The unutilized portion of the 2013 Revolving Loan Facility as of June 30, 2019 was \$3.0 million, with borrowings under such facility subject to the conditions applicable to borrowings under the Company’s 2013 Senior Credit Facility, which conditions the Company may or may not be able to satisfy at the time of borrowing. In addition, the financial covenant described above, the 2013 Senior Credit Facility contains certain affirmative and negative covenants, including those that may limit or restrict TSI LLC and Holdings II’s ability to, among other things, incur indebtedness and other liabilities; create liens; merge or consolidate; dispose of assets; make investments; pay dividends and make payments to stockholders; make payments on certain indebtedness; and enter into sale leaseback transactions, in each case, subject to certain qualifications and exceptions. The 2013 Senior Credit Facility also includes customary events of default (including non-compliance with the covenants or other terms of the 2013 Senior Credit Facility) which may allow the lenders to terminate the commitments under the 2013 Revolving Loan

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Facility and declare all outstanding term loans and revolving loans immediately due and payable and enforce its rights as a secured creditor.

TSI LLC may prepay the 2013 Term Loan Facility and 2013 Revolving Loan Facility without premium or penalty in accordance with the 2013 Senior Credit Facility. Mandatory prepayments are required relating to certain asset sales, insurance recovery and incurrence of certain other debt and commencing in 2015 in certain circumstances relating to excess cash flow (as defined) for the prior fiscal year, as described below, in excess of certain expenditures. Pursuant to the terms of the 2013 Senior Credit Facility, the Company is required to apply net proceeds in excess of \$30.0 million from sales of assets in any fiscal year towards mandatory prepayments of outstanding borrowings.

In addition, the 2013 Senior Credit Facility contains provisions that require excess cash flow payments, as defined therein, to be applied against outstanding 2013 Term Loan Facility balances. The excess cash flow is calculated annually for each fiscal year ending December 31 and paid 95 days after the fiscal year end. The applicable excess cash flow repayment percentage is applied to the excess cash flow when determining the excess cash flow payment. Earnings, changes in working capital and capital expenditure levels all impact the determination of any excess cash flow. The applicable excess cash flow repayment percentage is 50% when the total leverage ratio, as defined in the 2013 Senior Credit Facility, exceeds or is equal to 2.50:1.00; 25% when the total leverage ratio is greater than or equal to 2.00:1.00 but less than 2.50:1.00 and 0% when the total leverage ratio is less than 2.00:1.00. TSI LLC may pay dividends in the amount of cumulative retained excess cash flow to TSI Holdings as long as at the time the dividend is made, and immediately after, TSI LLC is in compliance on a pro forma basis with a total leverage ratio of less than 4.00:1.00. For the year ended December 31, 2018, the Company had \$36.3 million of excess cash flow, as defined in the 2013 Senior Credit Facility, resulting in a principal payment of \$18.1 million paid in April 2019. In April 2019, TSI LLC paid a dividend of \$16.0 million to TSI Holdings using the cumulative retained excess cash flow. The next excess cash flow payment is due in April 2020, if applicable. The Company does not expect such payment will be required.

As of June 30, 2019, the 2013 Term Loan Facility has a gross principal balance of \$179.2 million and a balance of \$177.3 million net of unamortized debt discount of \$1.4 million and unamortized debt issuance costs of \$463,000. As of June 30, 2019, both the unamortized balance of debt issuance costs and unamortized debt discount are recorded as a contra-liability and netted with long-term debt on the accompanying condensed consolidated balance sheet and are being amortized as interest expense using the effective interest method.

### ***Mortgage and Term Loan***

On August 3, 2018, TSI - Donald Ross Realty LLC, a subsidiary of TSI Group, entered into a mortgage note for \$3.2 million with BankUnited, N.A. (the "Lender"). This mortgage note bears interest at a fixed rate of 5.36% and is payable in 120 monthly payments of principal and interest based on a 25 year amortization period. The first payment was due and paid on September 3, 2018. The entire principal balance of this mortgage note is due and payable in full on its maturity date of August 3, 2028. As of June 30, 2019, this mortgage note had an outstanding principal balance of \$3.1 million, net of principal payments of \$51,000.

On April 24, 2018, Dixie Highway Realty, LLC, a subsidiary of TSI Group, entered into promissory notes for \$1.9 million (the "Mortgage Note") and \$500,000 (the "Term Note") with the Lender. The Mortgage Note bears interest at a fixed rate of 5.46% and is payable in 120 monthly payments of principal and interest based on a 25 year amortization period. The first payment was due and paid on May 24, 2018. The entire principal balance of the Mortgage Note is due and payable in full on its maturity date of April 24, 2028.

The Term Note bears interest at a fixed rate of 5.30% and is payable in 60 payments of principal and interest. The first payment was due and paid on May 24, 2018 and the final payment will be due to the Lender on the maturity date of April 24, 2023 for all principal and accrued interest not yet paid. In connection with the above mortgage and term loan notes, TSI Group or TSI Holdings must maintain a minimum relationship liquidity balance with the Lender of \$500,000 in the form of an operating account. As of June 30, 2019, the Mortgage Note and Term Note had an outstanding principal balance of \$1.8 million and \$395,000, respectively, reflecting net of principal payments of \$42,000 for the Mortgage Note and \$105,000 for the Term Note.

The carrying amount of the mortgage notes and Term Note approximates fair value based on Level 2 inputs. Level 2 is based on quoted prices for similar instruments in active markets; quoted prices for identical or similar instruments in markets that are not active; and model-derived valuations in which all significant inputs and significant value drivers are observable in active markets.

## Recent Changes in or Recently Issued Accounting Pronouncements

See Note 2 - Recent Accounting Pronouncements to the condensed consolidated financial statements.

## Use of Estimates and Critical Accounting Policies

Other than as disclosed below, management believes there have been no other material changes during the period covered by this Quarterly Report to the items that we disclosed as our critical accounting policies and estimates in “Management’s Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations” in our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2018.

*Fixed and intangible assets.* Fixed assets are recorded at cost and depreciated on a straight-line basis over the estimated useful lives of the assets, which are 30 years for building and improvements, five years for club equipment, furniture, fixtures and computer equipment and three to five years for computer software. Leasehold improvements are amortized over the shorter of their estimated useful lives or the remaining period of the related lease. Payroll costs directly related to the construction or expansion of the Company’s locations are capitalized with leasehold improvements. Expenditures for maintenance and repairs are charged to operations as incurred. The cost and related accumulated depreciation of assets retired or sold, is removed from the respective accounts and any gain or loss is recognized in operations. The costs related to developing web applications, developing web pages and installing or enhancing developed applications on the web servers are capitalized and classified as computer software. Website hosting fees and maintenance costs are expensed as incurred.

Fixed assets are evaluated for impairment periodically whenever events or changes in circumstances indicate that related carrying amounts may not be recoverable from undiscounted cash flows in accordance with the FASB guidance. The Company’s long-lived assets and liabilities are grouped at the individual club level, which is the lowest level for which there are identifiable cash flows. To the extent that estimated future undiscounted net cash flows attributable to the assets are less than the carrying amount, an impairment charge equal to the difference between the carrying value of such asset and their fair values is recognized.

Goodwill was allocated to reporting units that closely reflect the regions served by the Company: New York, Boston, Washington, D.C., Philadelphia, Florida, California, Puerto Rico and Switzerland. The Company has acquired several clubs in 2018 and the first quarter of 2019 and has recorded goodwill as applicable to the appropriate regions. For more information on these acquisitions, refer to Note 12 - Acquisitions. Goodwill for all acquisitions was recorded at fair value at the time of such acquisitions and may have changes to the balances up to one year after acquisition. As of June 30, 2019, the New York, Boston, California, Florida, Puerto Rico and Switzerland regions have a goodwill balance.

Beginning in the first quarter of 2018, the Company’s annual goodwill impairment test is performed on August 1, or more frequently, should circumstances change which would indicate the fair value of goodwill is below its carrying amount. The Company has historically performed its goodwill impairment test annually as of the last day of February. The determination as to whether a triggering event exists that would warrant an interim review of goodwill and whether a write-down of goodwill is necessary involves significant judgment based on short-term and long-term projections of the Company.

As of February 28, 2018, the Company performed a goodwill impairment test on the Switzerland region in line with the historical policy. As of August 1, 2018, the Company performed a goodwill impairment test on the New York, Boston, California and Switzerland regions, which was within 12 months of the related acquisitions. For the Florida and Puerto Rico regions, the acquired goodwill was related to the acquisitions of clubs after the annual testing date. As such, these intangible assets were recorded at fair value at the time of acquisitions. The next goodwill impairment test for all reporting units will be August 1, 2019.

The Company’s annual goodwill impairment tests as of August 1, 2018 and February 28, 2018 were performed by comparing the fair value of the Company’s reporting unit with its carrying amount and then recognizing an impairment charge, as necessary, for the amount by which the carrying amount exceeds the reporting unit’s fair value, not to exceed the total amount of goodwill allocated to that reporting unit. The estimated fair value was determined by using an income approach. The income approach was based on discounted future cash flows and required significant assumptions, including estimates regarding revenue growth rates, operating margins, weighted average cost of capital, and future economic and market conditions. The August 1, 2018 and February 28, 2018 annual impairment tests supported the goodwill balance and as such, no impairment of goodwill was required.

*Business Combinations.* In connection with an acquisition of a business, the Company records all assets acquired and liabilities assumed, if any, of the acquired business at their acquisition date fair value, including the recognition of contingent consideration at fair value on the acquisition date. These fair value determinations require judgment and may involve the use of

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significant estimates and assumptions, including assumptions with respect to future cash inflows and outflows, discount rates, asset lives, and market multiples, among other items. We may utilize independent third-party valuation firms to assist in making these fair value determinations.

**Forward-Looking Statements**

This Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q contains “forward-looking” statements within the meaning of the Private Securities Litigation Reform Act of 1995, including, without limitation, statements regarding future financial results and performance, potential sales revenue, potential club closures, results of cost-savings initiatives, legal contingencies and tax benefits and contingencies, future declarations and payments of dividends, and the existence of adverse litigation and other risks, uncertainties and factors set forth under Item 1A, entitled “Risk Factors,” in the Company’s Annual Report on Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2018 and in our other reports and documents filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission (“SEC”). You can identify these forward-looking statements by the use of words such as “outlook,” “believes,” “expects,” “potential,” “continues,” “may,” “will,” “should,” “seeks,” “approximately,” “predicts,” “intends,” “plans,” “estimates,” “anticipates,” “target,” “could,” or the negative version of these words or other comparable words. These statements are subject to various risks and uncertainties, many of which are outside our control, including, among others, the level of market demand for our services, economic conditions affecting our business, the success of our pricing model, the geographic concentration of our clubs, competitive pressure, the ability to achieve reductions in operating costs and to continue to integrate acquisitions, outsourcing of certain aspects of our business, environmental matters, the application of federal and state tax laws and regulations, any security and privacy breaches involving customer data, the levels and terms of the Company’s indebtedness, and other specific factors discussed herein and in other SEC filings made by us. We believe that all forward-looking statements are based on reasonable assumptions when made; however, we caution that it is impossible to predict actual results or outcomes or the effects of risks, uncertainties or other factors on anticipated results or outcomes and that, accordingly, one should not place undue reliance on these statements. Forward-looking statements speak only as of the date when made and we undertake no obligation to update these statements in light of subsequent events or developments. Actual results may differ materially from anticipated results or outcomes discussed in any forward-looking statement.

**Item 3. *Quantitative and Qualitative Disclosures About Market Risk***

Not applicable.

**Item 4. *Controls and Procedures***

***Evaluation of Disclosure Controls and Procedures:*** We maintain disclosure controls and procedures (as such term is defined in Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e) under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended (the “Exchange Act”)) that are designed to ensure that the information required to be disclosed by us in the reports filed or submitted by us under the Exchange Act is recorded, processed, summarized and reported within the time periods specified in the SEC’s rules and forms and such information is accumulated and communicated to management, including the Chief Executive Officer and the Chief Financial Officer, as appropriate, to allow timely decisions regarding required disclosure. Disclosure controls and procedures, no matter how well designed and operated, can provide only reasonable assurances of achieving the desired controls.

As of June 30, 2019, we carried out an evaluation, under the supervision and with the participation of our management, including the Chief Executive Officer and the Chief Financial Officer, of the effectiveness of the design and operation of our disclosure controls and procedures defined above. Based upon that evaluation, our Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer have concluded that, as of June 30, 2019, our disclosure controls and procedures were effective at the reasonable assurance level.

***Changes in Internal Control over Financial Reporting:*** There have been no changes in our internal control over financial reporting during the quarter ended June 30, 2019 that have materially affected, or are reasonably likely to materially affect, our internal control over financial reporting.

## PART II. OTHER INFORMATION

### ITEM 1. *Legal Proceedings*

On February 7, 2007, in an action styled White Plains Plaza Realty, LLC v. TSI LLC et al., the landlord of one of TSI LLC's former health and fitness clubs filed a lawsuit in the Appellate Division, Second Department of the Supreme Court of the State of New York against it and two of its health club subsidiaries alleging, among other things, breach of lease in connection with the decision to close the club located in a building owned by the plaintiff and leased to a subsidiary of TSI LLC, the tenant, and take additional space in a nearby facility leased by another subsidiary of TSI LLC. Following a determination of an initial award, which TSI LLC and the tenant have paid in full, the landlord appealed the trial court's award of damages, and on August 29, 2011, an additional award (amounting to approximately \$900,000) (the "Additional Award"), was entered against the tenant, which has recorded a liability. Separately, TSI LLC is party to an agreement with a third-party developer, which by its terms provides indemnification for the full amount of any liability of any nature arising out of the lease described above, including attorneys' fees incurred to enforce the indemnity. As a result, the developer reimbursed TSI LLC and the tenant the amount of the initial award in installments over time and also agreed to be responsible for the payment of the Additional Award, and the tenant has recorded a receivable related to the indemnification for the Additional Award. The developer and the landlord are currently litigating the payment of the Additional Award and judgment was entered against the developer on June 5, 2013, in the amount of approximately \$1.0 million, plus interest, which judgment was upheld by the appellate court on April 29, 2015. TSI LLC does not believe it is probable that TSI LLC will be required to pay for any amount of the Additional Award.

In June, 2019 a consultant of the company commenced an arbitration seeking to recover, inter alia, consulting fees due to him under his Consulting Agreement which expires in October 2020. This case is in its infancy stages, without the Company having had the benefit of discovery, as such the outcome is uncertain. The Company intends to vigorously defend this matter and believes it has meritorious defenses to the claims asserted.

In addition to the litigations discussed above, the Company is involved in various other lawsuits, claims and proceedings incidental to the ordinary course of business, including personal injury, landlord tenant disputes, construction matters, employee and member relations, and Telephone Consumer Protection Act claims (a number of which purport to represent a class and one of which was brought by the Washington, D.C. Attorney General's Office). The results of litigation are inherently unpredictable. Any claims against the Company, whether meritorious or not, could be time consuming, result in costly litigation, require significant amounts of management time and result in diversion of significant resources. The results of these other lawsuits, claims and proceedings cannot be predicted with certainty. The Company establishes accruals for loss contingencies when it has determined that a loss is probable and that the amount of loss, or range of loss, can be reasonably estimated. Any such accruals are adjusted thereafter as appropriate to reflect changes in circumstances. We currently believe that the ultimate outcome of such lawsuits, claims and proceedings will not, individually or in the aggregate, have a material adverse effect on our consolidated financial position, results of operations or liquidity. However, depending on the amount and timing, an unfavorable resolution of some or all of these matters could materially affect our future results of operations in a particular period.

### ITEM 1A. *Risk Factors*

There have not been any material changes to the information related to the ITEM 1A. "Risk Factors" disclosure in the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2018.

### ITEM 2. *Unregistered Sales of Equity Securities and Use of Proceeds*

None.

### ITEM 3. *Defaults Upon Senior Securities*

None.

### ITEM 4. *Mine Safety Disclosures*

Not applicable.

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**ITEM 5. *Other Information***

None.

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**ITEM 6. Exhibits**

<b>Exhibit No.</b>	<b>Description of Exhibit</b>
<a href="#">10.1</a>	<a href="#">Second Amendment to Amended and Restated Executive Severance Agreement by and between Town Sports International Holdings, Inc. and Carolyn Spatafora, dated as of March 20, 2019 (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.1 to the registrants Current Report on Form 8-K filed on March 25, 2019).</a>
<a href="#">31.1</a>	<a href="#">Certification of Chief Executive Officer pursuant to Rule 13a – 14(a) and Rule 15d – 14(a) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended, as adopted pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002.</a>
<a href="#">31.2</a>	<a href="#">Certification of Chief Financial Officer pursuant to Rule 13a – 14(a) and Rule 15d – 14(a) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended, as adopted pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002.</a>
<a href="#">32.1</a>	<a href="#">Certification of Chief Executive Officer pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, as adopted pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002.</a>
<a href="#">32.2</a>	<a href="#">Certification of Chief Financial Officer pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, as adopted pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002.</a>
101.INS	XBRL Instance Document
101.SCH	XBRL Taxonomy Extension Schema
101.CAL	XBRL Taxonomy Extension Calculation Linkbase
101.DEF	XBRL Taxonomy Extension Definition Linkbase
101.LAB	XBRL Taxonomy Extension Label Linkbase
101.PRE	XBRL Taxonomy Extension Presentation Linkbase

From time to time the Company may use its website as a channel of distribution of material company information. Financial and other material information regarding the Company is routinely posted on and accessible at <https://www.townsportsinternational.com>. In addition, you may automatically receive email alerts and other information about the Company by enrolling through the “Email Alerts” section at <https://www.townsportsinternational.com>.

The foregoing information regarding the Company website and its content is for convenience only. The content of its website is not deemed to be incorporated by reference into this report nor should it be deemed to have been filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission.

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**SIGNATURES**

Pursuant to requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended, the registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned thereunto duly authorized.

DATE: July 25, 2019

TOWN SPORTS INTERNATIONAL  
HOLDINGS, INC.

By: /s/ Carolyn Spatafora  
Carolyn Spatafora  
*Chief Financial Officer (Duly Authorized Officer)*

## CERTIFICATION

I, Patrick Walsh, certify that:

1. I have reviewed this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the quarter ended June 30, 2019 of Town Sports International Holdings, Inc.;
2. Based on my knowledge, this report does not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary to make the statements made, in light of the circumstances under which such statements were made, not misleading with respect to the period covered by this report;
3. Based on my knowledge, the financial statements and other financial information included in this report, fairly present in all material respects the financial condition, results of operations and cash flows of the registrant as of and for, the periods presented in this report;
4. The registrant's other certifying officer and I are responsible for establishing and maintaining disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e)) and internal control over financial reporting (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(f) and 15d-15(f)) for the registrant and have:
  - (a) designed such disclosure controls and procedures, or caused such disclosure controls and procedures to be designed under our supervision, to ensure that material information relating to the registrant, including its consolidated subsidiaries, is made known to us by others within those entities, particularly during the period in which this report is being prepared;
  - (b) designed such internal control over financial reporting, or caused such internal control over financial reporting to be designed under our supervision, to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles;
  - (c) evaluated the effectiveness of the registrant's disclosure controls and procedures and presented in this report our conclusions about the effectiveness of the disclosure controls and procedures, as of the end of the period covered by this report based on such evaluation; and
  - (d) disclosed in this report any change in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the registrant's most recent fiscal quarter (the registrant's fourth fiscal quarter in the case of an annual report) that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, the registrant's internal control over financial reporting; and
5. The registrant's other certifying officer and I have disclosed, based on our most recent evaluation of internal control over financial reporting, to the registrant's auditors and the audit committee of the registrant's board of directors (or persons performing the equivalent functions):
  - (a) all significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in the design or operation of internal control over financial reporting which are reasonably likely to adversely affect the registrant's ability to record, process, summarize and report financial information; and
  - (b) any fraud, whether or not material, that involves management or other employees who have a significant role in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting.

By: /s/ Patrick Walsh

Patrick Walsh

Chief Executive Officer

Date: July 25, 2019

## CERTIFICATION

I, Carolyn Spatafora, certify that:

1. I have reviewed this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the quarter ended June 30, 2019 of Town Sports International Holdings, Inc.;
2. Based on my knowledge, this report does not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary to make the statements made, in light of the circumstances under which such statements were made, not misleading with respect to the period covered by this report;
3. Based on my knowledge, the financial statements and other financial information included in this report, fairly present in all material respects the financial condition, results of operations and cash flows of the registrant as of and for, the periods presented in this report;
4. The registrant's other certifying officer and I are responsible for establishing and maintaining disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e)) and internal control over financial reporting (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(f) and 15d-15(f)) for the registrant and have:
  - (a) designed such disclosure controls and procedures, or caused such disclosure controls and procedures to be designed under our supervision, to ensure that material information relating to the registrant, including its consolidated subsidiaries, is made known to us by others within those entities, particularly during the period in which this report is being prepared;
  - (b) designed such internal control over financial reporting, or caused such internal control over financial reporting to be designed under our supervision, to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles;
  - (c) evaluated the effectiveness of the registrant's disclosure controls and procedures and presented in this report our conclusions about the effectiveness of the disclosure controls and procedures, as of the end of the period covered by this report based on such evaluation; and
  - (d) disclosed in this report any change in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the registrant's most recent fiscal quarter (the registrant's fourth fiscal quarter in the case of an annual report) that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, the registrant's internal control over financial reporting; and
5. The registrant's other certifying officer and I have disclosed, based on our most recent evaluation of internal control over financial reporting, to the registrant's auditors and the audit committee of the registrant's board of directors (or persons performing the equivalent functions):
  - (a) all significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in the design or operation of internal control over financial reporting which are reasonably likely to adversely affect the registrant's ability to record, process, summarize and report financial information; and
  - (b) any fraud, whether or not material, that involves management or other employees who have a significant role in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting.

By: /s/ Carolyn Spatafora

Carolyn Spatafora  
Chief Financial Officer

Date: July 25, 2019

**CERTIFICATION PURSUANT TO  
18 U.S.C. SECTION 1350  
AS ADOPTED PURSUANT TO  
SECTION 906 OF THE SARBANES-OXLEY ACT OF 2002**

I, Patrick Walsh, certify, pursuant to 18 U.S.C. §1350, as adopted pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002, that:

- (1) The Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q of Town Sports International Holdings, Inc. (the "Company") for the quarterly period ended June 30, 2019 (the "Report") fully complies with the requirements of Section 13(a) or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended (15 U.S.C. 78m); and
- (2) The information contained in the Report fairly presents, in all material respects, the financial condition and results of operations of the Company.

/s/ Patrick Walsh

\_\_\_\_\_  
Patrick Walsh  
Town Sports International Holdings, Inc.  
Chief Executive Officer

July 25, 2019

A signed original of this written statement required by Section 906 has been provided to the Company and will be retained by the Company and furnished to the Securities and Exchange Commission or its staff upon request.

**CERTIFICATION PURSUANT TO  
18 U.S.C. SECTION 1350,  
AS ADOPTED PURSUANT TO  
SECTION 906 OF THE SARBANES-OXLEY ACT OF 2002**

I, Carolyn Spatafora, certify, pursuant to 18 U.S.C. §1350, as adopted pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002, that:

- (1) The Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q of Town Sports International Holdings, Inc. (the "Company") for the quarterly period ended June 30, 2019 (the "Report") fully complies with the requirements of Section 13(a) or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended (15 U.S.C. 78m); and
- (2) The information contained in the Report fairly presents, in all material respects, the financial condition and results of operations of the Company.

/s/ Carolyn Spatafora

\_\_\_\_\_  
Carolyn Spatafora

Town Sports International Holdings, Inc.

Chief Financial Officer

July 25, 2019

A signed original of this written statement required by Section 906 has been provided to the Company and will be retained by the Company and furnished to the Securities and Exchange Commission or its staff upon request.